

## Technical Report

24460-SRL-RP-XT-002-P1

## Project

The Laboratory Measurement of  
Improvement of Impact Sound Insulation of a  
Solid Floor Covering

## Prepared for

Impervia

## By

Richard Calvert

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Client Address	Unit 1 Helena Court Tetbury Gloucestershire GL8 8JN
Author	Richard Calvert
Checker	Allen Smalls
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## Summary

Tests have been done in SRL's Laboratory at Holbrook House, Sudbury, Suffolk, to determine the improvement of impact sound insulation of a solid floor covering in accordance with BS EN ISO 10140-3:2010

From these measurements the required results have been derived and are presented in both tabular and graphic form in Data Sheet I.

The results are given in 1/3rd octave bands over the frequency range 100Hz to 5kHz.



**Richard Calvert**

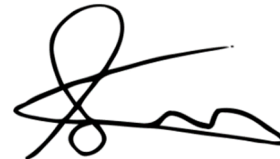
**Tester**

For and on behalf of

SRL Technical Services Limited

Tel: 01787 247595

Email: rcalvert@srltsl.com



**Allen Smalls**

Quality Manager

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## 1.0 Details of Measurements

### 1.1 Location

Sound Research Laboratories  
 Holbrook House  
 Little Waldingfield  
 Sudbury  
 Suffolk  
 CO10 0TF

### 1.2 Test Date

7 August 2019

### 1.3 Testers

Kieron Farrow and Allen Smalls of SRL Technical Services Limited

### 1.4 Instrumentation and Apparatus Used

Make	Description	Type
Abtronix	Microphone Multiplexer	
EDI	Microphone Power Supply Unit	
Norwegian Electronics	Tapping Machine	211
	Real Time Analyser	830

Brüel & Kjaer	Windshields	UA0237
	Pre Amplifiers	2669C
	Microphone Calibrator	423I
	Omnipower Sound Source	4296
Larson Davis	12mm Condenser Microphone	2560, 377A60
Oregon Scientific	Temperature & Humidity & Probe	THGR810
TOA	Graphic Equalizer	E-123I
QSC Audio	Power Amplifier	RMX 1450
G.R.A.S	Pre Amplifier	26AK

**1.5 References**

BS EN ISO 717-2:2013	Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements Impact Sound Insulation
BS EN ISO 10140-3:2010	Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements – Part 3: Measurement of impact sound insulation.

## 2.0 Description of Test

### 2.1 Description of Sample

A solid floor covering was tested with a surface mass of 10.22kg/m<sup>2</sup>. The floor covering was 6.5mm thick and the sample size tested was an area of 10.5m<sup>2</sup>. Please see Section 3.0 Results for more details.

Sampling plan: Enough for test only  
Sample condition: New  
Details supplied by: Impervia  
Sample installed by: SRL Technical Services Ltd

### 2.2 Sample Delivery date

6 August 2019

### 2.3 Test Procedures

The sample was mounted/located and tested in accordance with the relevant standard. The method and procedure is described in Appendix A. The measurement uncertainty is given in Appendix B.

### 3.0 Results

The results of the measurements and subsequent analysis are given in Data Sheet I.

Results relate only to the items received and tested.

SRL Test No.	Description in Brief	$\Delta L_w$ dB
A1	Impervia Luxury Flooring	21



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**Data Sheet I**

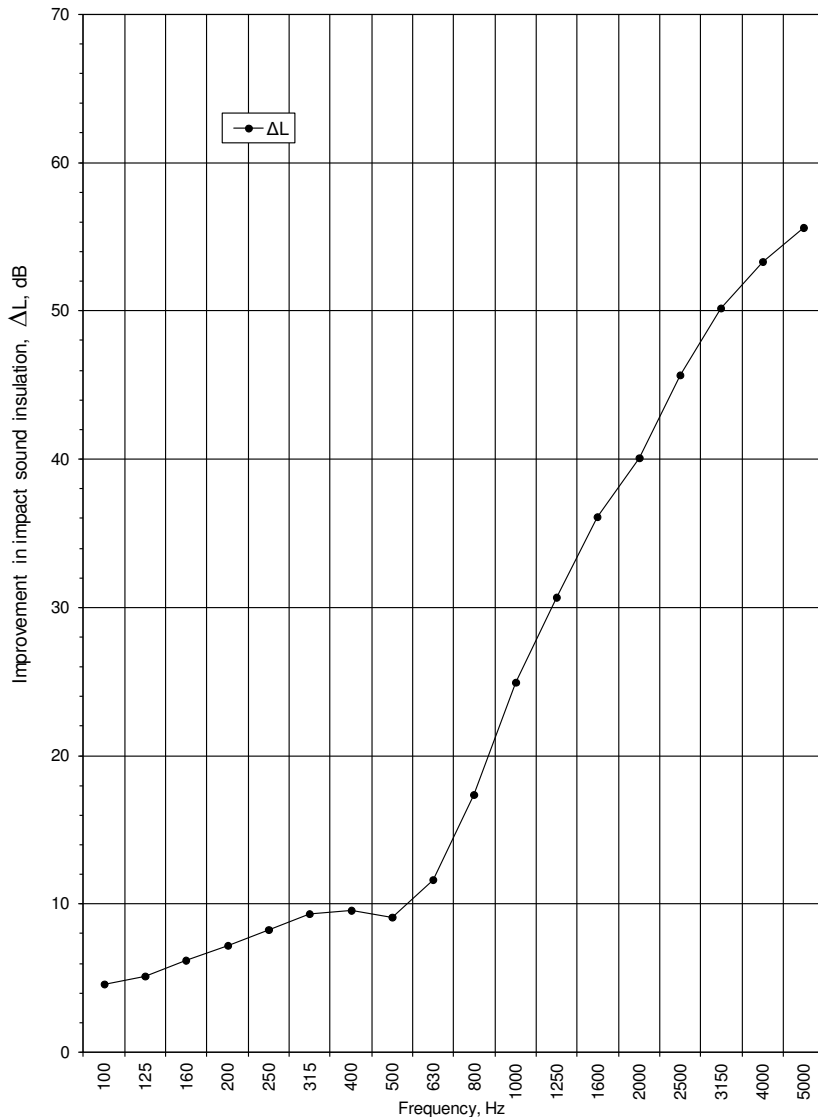
**Improvement in impact sound insulation measured according to BS EN ISO 10140-3 : 2010**

**Laboratory measurements of the improvement of impact sound insulation by floor coverings on a heavyweight standard floor**

<b>Test Number:</b> A1	<b>Sample mass:</b> 10.22 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	<b>Test Room:</b> Source	<b>Receiving</b>
<b>Test Date:</b> 07/08/2019	<b>Thickness:</b> 6.5 mm	<b>Air temperature:</b> 21.5	20.4 °C
<b>Client:</b> Impervia	<b>Length:</b> 3.435 m	<b>Air Humidity:</b> 62	65 %
<b>Method of mounting:</b> Loose laid	<b>Width:</b> 3.055 m	<b>Air Pressure:</b> 998 mbar	
<b>Receiving room volume:</b> 300m <sup>3</sup>			
<b>Product identification:</b> Impervia Luxury Flooring			

The sample did not suffer visible damage during the test

Freq f Hz	L <sub>n,0</sub> Third octave dB	ΔL Third octave dB
100	65.7	4.6
125	67.0	5.1
160	69.1	6.2
200	68.9	7.2
250	69.5	8.3
315	70.4	9.3
400	71.2	9.6
500	72.0	9.1
630	71.9	11.6
800	72.3	17.4
1000	73.1	24.9
1250	74.3	30.7
1600	75.6	36.1
2000	76.3	40.1
2500	77.1	45.7
3150	77.1	50.2
4000	76.1	53.3
5000	73.2	55.6 *



L<sub>n,0</sub> : Is the normalised impact sound pressure level of the bare heavyweight test floor.  
 ΔL : Is the improvement in impact sound insulation resulting from the installation of the test floor covering.  
 \* Denotes results corrected for background # Denotes results at background

Rating according to BS EN ISO 717-2:2013 Results are based on a test made with an artificial source under laboratory conditions.

<b>Weighted reduction of impact sound pressure level of sample and (spectrum adaptation term)</b>	<b>ΔL<sub>w</sub> (C<sub>id</sub>) = 21 (-10) dB</b>
Weighted normalised impact sound pressure level of bare reference floor and (spectrum adaptation term)	L <sub>n,r,0,w</sub> (C <sub>l,r,0</sub> ) = 78 (-11) dB
Weighted normalised impact sound pressure level of reference floor with sample and (spectrum adaptation term)	L <sub>n,r,w</sub> (C <sub>l,r</sub> ) = 57 (-1) dB

## Appendix A – Test Procedure

### **Measurement of The Improvement of Impact Sound Insulation by a Floor Covering on a Reference floor in Accordance With BS EN ISO 10140-3: 2010 & BS EN ISO 10140-1: 2010 (Appendix H) - Category II & III (Large Samples) – TP32**

In the laboratory, impact sound reduction is determined from the difference a sample floor covering makes to the sound pressure levels generated by a standard impact machine. The impact machine, known as a tapping machine, is operated standing first on a concrete slab and then on the test sample installed on that slab. The test floor for the installation of the test samples measures 3.7m by 3.5m and is 160mm thick. The test sample is installed on top of the roof of a reverberation room, which is acoustically “live”, and the sound pressure levels are measured in that room. The test is done under conditions which restrict the transmission of sound other than directly through the sample and test slab. The measured sound pressure levels are corrected for the amount of sound absorption in the reverberation room.

The reverberation room, which has a volume of 300 cubic metres, is constructed from 215mm brick which is internally plastered with a reinforced concrete roof and floor. The room is isolated from the surrounding structure by resilient mountings and seals, ensuring good acoustic isolation. Reverberation time measurements are done to calibrate the reverberation room.

With the tapping machine operating on the bare concrete roof slab, the resulting sound pressure levels in the room are sampled using a spaced array of microphones connected to a real time analyser. The signal is filtered into one-third octave bandwidths, integrated and averaged. Six microphones are used with minimum separating distances as follows:

- 0.7m between microphone positions
- 0.7m between any microphone position and room boundaries or diffusers
- 1.0m between any microphone position and the upper floor being excited by the tapping machine

The procedure is repeated with the tapping machine at three further positions. The individual values for the different positions are arithmetically averaged to give the impact sound pressure level ( $L_{i,0}$ ). This is corrected to a reference room absorption, referred to as normalising, to give the normalised impact sound pressure levels ( $L_{n,0}$ ) for the bare concrete slab.

$$L_{n,0} = L_{i,0} + 10 \log \frac{A}{A_{ref}} \text{ in decibels}$$

Where  $A$  is the actual absorption of the test chamber  $A_{ref}$  is the reference room absorption of 10m<sup>2</sup>.

The test sample, which is at least 10m<sup>2</sup> in area, is placed on top of the concrete slab. The whole procedure is then repeated, with the tapping machine at four different locations, to obtain the normalised impact sound pressure levels with covering ( $L_i$ ) and the corresponding normalised levels ( $L_n$ ).

The reduction of impact sound pressure level (improvement of impact sound insulation)  $\Delta L$ , for a given frequency band is determined as follows:

$$\Delta L = L_{n0} - L_n$$

The Weighted Impact Sound Improvement Index  $\Delta L_w$ , is a single figure rating of impact sound reduction and is calculated in accordance with BS EN ISO 717-2:2013.

The impact sound pressure levels for the test floor with a test sample depend to small extent on the particular test floor itself. To standardise these levels they are adjusted by calculation to what they would be if the bare concrete slab were replaced by a reference floor. The impact sound pressure levels that would be produced on the bare reference floor ( $L_{n,0}$ ) are defined in BS EN ISO 717-2:2013. Using these, the impact sound pressure levels for the sample on the reference floor ( $L_{n,r}$ ) and the corresponding weighted level ( $L_{n,w,r}$ ) are calculated in accordance with the same standard.

#### Optional Procedure for Category II Samples

The assembled floor covering may be tested under load. To simulate normal furnishing, weights are uniformly distributed over the sample floor, at least one for each square meter of sample area. The average load over the sample is between 20 and 25kg/m<sup>2</sup>. The thickness of the floor sample under load is noted.

Measurements under load may be done as an alternative or in addition to measurements on the unloaded sample.

## Appendix B – Measurement Uncertainty

### **BS EN ISO 10140-3: 2010; BS EN ISO 10140-1:2010 (Appendix H) – TP32**

The following values of uncertainty are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k = 2$ , which provides a level of confidence of approximately 95%.

Frequency, Hz	Uncertainty, $\pm$ dB
100	1.2
125	1.2
160	1.2
200	1.2
250	1.2
315	0.8
400	0.8
500	0.8
630	0.8
800	1.2
1000	1.2
1250	1.2
1600	1.5
2000	2.2
2500	2.2
3150	2.2

**Sudbury Consultancy**

Holbrook House  
Little Waldingfield  
Sudbury  
Suffolk  
CO10 0TF  
Tel: +44 (0)1787 247595

**Manchester Consultancy**

Suite 1.9, Canada House  
Chepstow Street  
Manchester  
M1 5FW  
Tel: +44 (0)161 929 5585

**London Consultancy**

07-106  
8 Devonshire Square  
London  
EC2M 4PL  
Tel: +44 (0)207 251 3585

**Birmingham Consultancy**

Cornwall Buildings  
45 Newhall Street  
Birmingham  
B3 3QR  
Tel: +44 (0)121 270 6680

**South Africa Consultancy**

102 Heritage House  
20 Dreyer Street  
Claremont  
Cape Town  
7708  
South Africa  
Tel: +27 (0)21 205 9201

**Laboratory**

Holbrook House  
The Street  
Sudbury  
Suffolk  
CO10 0TF  
Tel: +44 (0)1787 247595

Website: [www.srltsl.com](http://www.srltsl.com)  
e-mail: [srl@srltsl.com](mailto:srl@srltsl.com)

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**Registered Name and Address:**

SRL Technical Services Limited  
Holbrook House  
Little Waldingfield  
Sudbury  
Suffolk  
CO10 0TF

Registered Number: 907694 England

