



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# VIGOUR

### Identification of the Material & Supplier

Product Name: VIGOUR  
Other Names: NPK Granulated Fertilizer  
Recommended Use: Fertilizer  
Supplier: Summit Fertilizers  
29 Ocean St  
Kwinana Beach WA 6167  
Telephone: 9439 8999

### Hazards Identification

Hazards Classification: VIGOUR is not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria  
Risk Phrase: VIGOUR is not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the ADG Code

### Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity: Mixture of Calcium Phosphates, Potash (KCl) and Ammonium Salt  
Proportion of Ingredients:  
Phosphate as P 12.0%  
Nitrogen as N 10.0%  
Sulphur as S 5%  
Potassium as K 12%  
Copper as Cu 0.10%  
Zinc as Zn 0.20%

CAS Number: 7738-28-0  
57-13-6  
7704-34-9  
7747-40-7  
1317-38-0  
1314-13-2

### First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush with fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyes open while flushing with water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.  
Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush skin with fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Use soap if available or follow by flushing with soap and water. Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.  
Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Seek medical attention immediately.  
Ingestion: If victim is conscious and alert, give plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention immediately.



## Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Hazards from Combustion

Products

Hazchem Code

VIGOUR is non flammable and does not support combustion.

Small fires: water spray, foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>

Large fires: water spray, fog or foam

Emits toxic fumes of PO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>x</sub> during thermal decomposition.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing.

None allocated.

## Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures

Isolate the area and deny entry to nonessential personnel. Emergency responders and/or clean up personnel should wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment.

Methods and Materials for Containment & Cleanup

Prevent from entering drains or waterways. Collect material promptly.

Minimise dust generation during clean up operation.

## Handling & Storage

Precautions for Safe

Handling

Conditions for Safe Storage

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Maintain proper hygiene practices and wash thoroughly after handling.

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated location. Prevent product from getting wet as it will cause caking and handling problems.

Storage Incompatibilities

## Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

National Exposure Controls

No specific official limit. ACGIH recommended value for inhalable particulate TLV/TWA: 10mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Engineering Controls

Use in well ventilated areas. Avoid dusty areas.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Wear gloves, long sleeve shirt and long trousers to prevent skin contact. In dusty areas use a P2 respirator and wear chemical safety glasses to prevent eye contact.

## Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance

Brown or grey granulated solid material.

Odour

Slight odour.

pH of 10% Solution

Slightly acid

Vapour Pressure

Not applicable

Boiling Point

Not applicable

Melting Point

Not applicable

Solubility

90-95% at 20°C

Specific Gravity

Bulk Density

1.0t/m<sup>3</sup>

## Stability & Reactivity

Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures

Reactivity

Incompatible Materials

Decomposition Products

Extreme temperatures such as fire causes formation of toxic fumes of PO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>.



## Toxicological Information

### Health Effects

Low toxicity. If handled according to instructions there is no danger to humans. There is no known effect from chronic exposure to VIGOUR. Inhalation of dust may cause irritation to the nose and upper respiratory tract. Prolonged skin contact may cause some irritation, including redness and itching.

Eye contact may cause irritation, redness and pain.

Ingestion of large amounts may give rise to gastro-intestinal irritation with symptoms such as nausea, vomiting, diarrhea.

Not available

### Toxicity Data

## Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicity

Aquatic: Low toxicity to aquatic life.

The product and its products of degradation are not harmful under normal conditions of responsible use.

### Mobility

May leach into groundwater if released to soil.

### Persistence & Degradability

Non-persistent. Product will promote algae growth and may degrade water quality and taste. Will dissolve slowly and disperse in water.

### Bioaccumulative Potential

Does not show bio-accumulation phenomena when applied using normal agricultural practices.

## Disposal Considerations

### Disposal Methods & Containers

Dispose of on a farm, or authorized waste facility in accordance with statutory requirements.

## Transport Information

### UN Number

None allocated

### UN Proper Shipping Name

None allocated

### Class & Subsidiary Risk

None allocated

### Packing Group

None allocated

### Hazchem Code

None allocated

## Regulatory Information

### Australian Regulatory Information

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).



## Other Information

### Key/Legend

NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Authority
SUSDP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons
ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
ES-TWA	Exposure Standard – Time weighted average
ES-STEL	Exposure Standard – Short term exposure level
ES-Peak	Exposure Standard – Peak level
LDLo	The lowest dose in an animal study in which lethality occurred.
LD50	Lethal dose 50. The single dose of a substance that causes death of 50% of an animal population from exposure other than inhalation
t/m <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes per cubic metre
mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per cubic metre
mg/kg	Milligrams per kilogram
pH	Hydrogen ion concentration on a scale of 0-14

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this SDS is offered in good faith as accurate but does not purport to be all-inclusive. Health and safety precautions in this SDS may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of any material for a specific purpose, adopt such precautions as may be necessary and comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Summit Fertilizers reserves the right to make changes to SDS data without notice.