

*These are the suggested vocabulary words that second graders should understand before coming to the Heritage Farm. It is up to the discretion of the teacher and their understanding of their classroom as to which words they teach and feel are most pertinent.*

**A**

**Agriculture** – Growing crops and raising animals; farming.

**B**

**Barnyard** – usually a fenced area next to the barn where the animals stay

**Blacksmith** – a person who knows how to heat and bend metal into usable tools and equipment

**Bull** – a male cow

**C**

**Calf** – a new born or young cow

**Cattle** – a group of cows, both male and female

**Chick** – a newly hatched or young chicken

**Chicken** – all genders of domesticated fowl

**Cow** – a female cow that has had a calf

**Crops** – the plants that grow in great amount in the fields

**Coop** – a small building for housing poultry

**Corncrib** – a house for storing ears of corn

**Corn Sheller** – a machine that helps take the kernels of corn off the cob

**D**

**Dairy** – milk and milk products

**Duck** – an animal with webbed feet and a short neck. Also a name for a female duck

**Duckling** – a newly hatched or young duck

**Draft Horse** - a large horse used for pulling machines and working

**Dry Sink** – a wooden table that holds a bowl of water for washing dishes

**E****F**

**Farmhouse** – the house that the farm family lives in

**Feed** – all food given to the animals

**Field** – the area were the farmer grows his crops

**Firewood** – dried wood used for burning in a wood burning stove

**Flax** – a grain used to make oil, fabric, paper, soap, and medicine

## **G**

**Gender** – female or male

**Grain** – Any seeds grown on the farm to make cereals, breads, or other fibrous foods

**Grit** – small stones eaten by birds which are stored in the stomach

**Groom** – to brush and clean something

## **H**

**Harvest** - gathering crops

**Hay** – dried green grass that cows and horses eat

**Hen** – an adult female chicken

**Heifer** – a young female cow that has not given birth to a calf yet

**Hog** – an adult male swine

**Hog House** – the shelter/ outbuilding for the pigs

## **I**

**Incubate** – when the hen sits on the eggs, keeps them warm, and bring them to hatching

## **J**

## **K**

## **L**

**Livestock** – animals that live, work, or produce things on a farm

## **M**

**Mare** – an adult female horse

**Milk** – (verb) to get milk which is produced in the udder and comes out through the teats

**Manure** – a mixture of livestock droppings and straw use to fertilize the land

**Milking parlor** – a place where you milk the cow

## **N**

## **O**

**Oats** – a type of grain used in making oatmeal, cereal, and some breads

**Oil Lamp** – a lamp which contains burning oil and a wick; used for light

## **P**

**Pail** – a bucket used to carry feed or water

**Pitchfork** - a long-handled fork used for moving hay and straw

**Pig** - a young swine

**Piglet** – a newborn swine

**Poultry** - birds kept for eggs or meat

**Pump** – a device that helps bring water from the well to the surface more easily

## **R**

**Roost** - a place where birds rest and sleep at night

**Rooster** – an adult male chicken

**Ruminant** - an animal (such as a cow or sheep) that has more than one stomach and that swallows food and then brings it back up again to continue chewing it

## **S**

**Sow** – an adult female swine

**Stallion** – an adult male horse

**Stanchion** – an area where a cow goes to be milked

**Straw** – dry, yellow grass that is usually used as bedding for animals

**Swine** – any gender of pig

## **T**

**Teats** - the piece of the cow through which milk comes out of the udder

**Trough** – a container that holds either water or food for farm animals to eat or drink from

## **U**

**Udder** – the bag or sack that hangs down on a cow and produces milk

## **V**

## **W**

**Wheat** – a grain used to make flour and bread



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