Trochanteric Bursa Injection

Before the Procedure

1. Comprehensive Hip and Knee Exam

- a. Assess intra vs extra-articular fluid collections
- b. Assess the skin over insertion site
- c. Assessing for an acceptable target.
- d. Have the patient point to area of most pain
 - i. Typically this is your target for injection
 - ii. Palpate the bony prominence on the lateral part of the hip, this is the greater trochanter of the femur.
 - iii. Consider your patients body habitus and the amount of tissue to advance though to reach the bursa.
 - iv. Verify your location is a trochanteric bursa and not the gluteus medius bursa

2. Indications

- a. Symptom control with steroid injection
- b. Localized pain persists weeks after trial of NSAIDs
- c. Risks of NSAIDs outweighs risk of local corticosteroids.

3. Contraindications

- a. Cellulitis or broken skin over entry site
- b. Uncontrolled Anticoagulant/Diabetes
- c. Severe primary coagulopathy
- d. Infected effusion, bursa, or peri-articular structure
- e. Allergies to injected meds
- f. ≥3 previous injection in preceding 12 month period

4. Obtain Verbal or Written Informed Consent

a. Risks, benefits, alternatives.

5. Equipment

- i. Non-sterile gloves
- ii. Povidone-iodine swab
- iii. Alcohol prep pad
- iv. Band-Aid
- v. 2-4 ml 1% Lidocaine without epi vial Multi-use
- vi. 40-80 mg or 1-2 ml Kenalog (40mg/ml)
- vii. 3-10 ml syringe
- viii. 22 gauge, 1.5" needle
- ix. Band-Aid

During The Procedure

- **1.** "Time-out" protocol to verify patient, side, and site of injection.
- 2. Attending present during the procedure.

3. Prepare Equipment

- a. Put your gloves on
- b. Draw up the Lidocaine, then the Kenalog. SHAKE WELL
- c. Bandage opened and ready

4. Patient Positioning

- Patient lies on unaffected side with unaffected leg flexed at the hip and knee and affected leg slightly flexed(see photo on opposite page)
- 5. Marking entry site with marker or pen cap.
 - a. Palpate the bony prominence on the lateral part of the hip, this is the greater trochanter of the femur.
 - b. Typically your injection site will be the point of maximal tenderness over the greater trochanter.

6. Prep The Hip

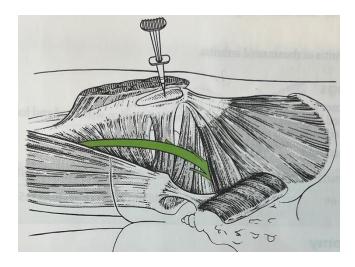
- i. With Povidone-iodine stick –use circular motions from target outward.
- ii. Repeat process with alcohol pad

7. Approach

- i. Tell the patient when you will begin
- Direct the needle perpendicular to the femur at the point of maximal tenderness, and insert until bone is felt.
 - 1. Withdraw the needle 2-3mm.
 - 2. Aspirate to verify you are not in a blood vessel, then inject.
 - a. If the injection is difficult, stop and confirm position
 - i. May need to advance a little further
 - ii. If on bone, pull back slowly.
 - 3. Remove needle and place bandage

After the Procedure

- 1. Aftercare Instructions for Patient
 - a. Injections: Wrap up→Patient instructions: Corticosteroid Joint Injection
 - i. .IMCINJECTIONPTINSTRUCTIONS
- 2. Place Order in EPIC





Scan QR code with smart phone camera to access Dr. Vinay Kumar Singh's procedural video on trochanteric bursitis injection

- Fowler, G. C. (2020). *Pfenninger & Fowler's procedures for Primary Care*. Elsevier.
- Injection technique for trochanteric bursitis. YouTube. (2022, April 1).

 Retrieved February 9, 2023, from https://youtu.be/4UjjxL73VMM
- Loscalzo, J., Fauci, A. S., Kasper, D. L., Hauser, S. L., Longo, D. L., & Jameson, J. L. (2022). *Harrison's principles of Internal Medicine*. McGraw Hill.
- Saunders, S., & Cameron, G. (1997). Injection techniques in orthopaedic and Sports Medicine. W.B. Saunders Co.

- a. Wrap up→Charge Capture: PR arthrocentesis aspir&inj major jt/bursa w/o US (aka injection)
 - i. PR 20610

3. Document Procedure in EPIC

a. .IMCINJECTION

