Congratulations and thank you for choosing SONO floors! Your new floors are among the most fashionable, long-lasting and easy-to-maintain floors available. This installation guide outlines everything you need to know to properly glue-down install your SONO floors. If you have questions at any time during the installation process, please contact your specialty floor covering retailer or call our support line at 888.255.3412.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Intended Use
SONO floors are intended for indoor use only and can be installed in any room as long as it does not have in-floor drainage. All SONO floors have been designed to withstand the requirements of the busiest households as well as light commercial applications. SONO is not recommended where the floor might experience temperature extremes beyond -40°F (-40°C) or greater than 150° F (65°C). The occupied use temperature range is assumed to be between 50°F (10°C) and 100° F (38°C). If you are installing floors in a commercial environment, please read the warranty documentation specific to your product to determine its suitability.

B. Floating or Glue-Down
SONO floors are designed to be a floating floor system, however, it is acceptable to install SONO using a glue-down technique. If you do wish to install SONO as a floating floor please contact customer support and request the SONO Floating installation Instructions. A floating installation means the floor is assembled using the MegaLoc system and cannot be glued, nailed or attached in any way to your existing subfloor.

C. Adhesive Choice
SONO can be installed using a variety of approved adhesives, please contact customer support for the full list.

2. TOOLS AND MATERIALS

Materials
- SONO floors
- Approved adhesive
- SONO approved underlayment (optional)
- SONO approved vapor barrier (if required)
- SONO transitional moldings (if required)

Tools
- Measuring tape
- Carpenter’s square
- Adhesive Trowel
- 100 lb. roller
- Utility knife
- Safety glasses & Dust mask (NIOSH-designated)
- Pencil/marker
- Pull bar
- Expansion gap spacers
- Non-marking seam roller
- Power saw (any of the following): Not required if using the score and snap method.
  - Table saw
  - Miter saw
  - Circular saw
  - Jigsaw
- Handsaw or door-jamb saw

3. BEFORE YOU BEGIN
A. Calculating Flooring Material Requirements
   - Measure the length and width of the room where you will be installing SONO floors and multiply them together to determine its area.
   - Add 10% to the room’s area to determine the square footage of flooring, underlay, and vapor barrier that you will require.

   NOTE: for rooms with angled walls or layouts with more complex layouts 15% is recommended.

B. Acclimation
Before installation, SONO should be acclimated to the same conditions as the room in which it is being installed. If SONO has been stored in conditions similar to the install location, then acclimation is not required. Otherwise, cross-stack unopened cartons in the area where they will be installed and away from outside walls, heat and air conditioning vents and allow for 24-48 hours for the floors to acclimate before opening the cartons. Installation temperatures should be a minimum of 60°F (15°C) with a maximum humidity of 75%.

C. Expansion Space
SONO can be installed without an expansion gap when adhering directly to the subfloor. It is suggested to leave a 1/4” (6mm) expansion space around the walls and all other objects (e.g. toe kicks, plumbing, etc.) if possible due to the natural movement of the home around the flooring. If underlay is being used in either a single-glue or double-glue scenario then a 3/8” (9mm) expansion gap must be used.

D. Maximum Room Size
SONO floors can be installed in a single room up to 100 linear feet (30m) in length or 100 linear feet (30m) in width. Installations in rooms that are over 100 linear feet in length or width must use transitional moldings (Refer to Moldings, Section 9, for more information) or contact our support line at 888.255.3412.

E. Doorways
The installation of T-moldings in doorways is not a requirement for SONO, provided the total area of the installation follows all sub-floor and installation requirements.

F. Installation Layout
As SONO is a decorative product, provided you adhere to the installation guidelines, there are no rules when it comes to the plank layout of your installation. Typically, SONO flooring installations are orientated in the following manner:
   - Parallel to the longest wall in the room, or
   - Parallel to the main window in the room

G. Cutting Planks
SONO flooring planks can be scored and snapped using most utility blades. Always use a straight edge and appropriate safety equipment. It is important to use good quality, sharp blades in order to minimize damage to the planks. Most power saws (e.g. circular saw, table saw, miter saw, jigsaw) as well as hand saws can also be used to cut SONO planks.

   NOTE: Sawn planks should always be cut away from the installation area in order to keep debris from affecting the site. Always wear safety glasses and a NIOSH-approved dust mask.

H. Underlayment
SONO floors can be glue-down installed over an underlayment in either a single-glue (SONO adhered to underlay) or double-glue (underlay adhered to subfloor, SONO adhered to underlay) method. A minimum 14.25 psi (10 t/m2) crush and maximum 1/16 in (1.5mm) thick underlay is required. Where higher moisture levels are present, underlayment should incorporate moisture barrier properties. We recommend the use of SONO Dynamix Prime as this underlay has been specifically formulated to support the installation and use of your SONO floors.

   NOTE: Not all underlays are rated to be installed in a glue-down application. Always confirm with the underlay manufacturer prior to installing with SONO.

   NOTE: Underlayment can have a dramatic effect on the sound and comfort of an installed SONO floor. If either sound or comfort of the floor is of particular concern to you then we would recommend that you invest in an underlayment that addresses this concern.

4. SUBFLOOR PREPARATION
SONO floors can be installed over many types of subfloors as long as they are properly prepared and meet the required criteria outlined below.

A. General Subfloor Preparations & Precautions
- Subfloors must be clean, smooth, dry and free of waxes, existing adhesives, dirt, dust, grease, oil, paint, sealers, silicates or curing compounds. It is necessary to properly sweep and vacuum the substrate prior to installation.
- Subfloors must be structurally sound and free of deflection prior to installation.
- Carpet is not a suitable underlay for SONO floors. All carpet, carpet pad and carpet tack should be removed prior to installation.
- SONO floors can be installed in bathrooms, kitchens, and entryways by following the Wet Area Recommendations section of this guide (Section 8).
- Variations in the subfloor flatness should not exceed 3/16” per 10ft (6mm per 3m). Floors must be leveled to meet this specification prior to installation. Level by filling depressed areas with floor leveling compounds and sanding or grinding down any raised areas.
- Check subfloor for protruding nails & screws.
- Installations over radiant heated subfloors are acceptable but the radiant temperature should never exceed 85° F (29° C).
- Radiant heat systems must be operating for a minimum of 3 weeks prior to installation of SONO floors.

B. Concrete
- Concrete subfloors must be properly cured and allowed to dry for at least 60 days prior to installation. The maximum allowable moisture emission is 8.0 lbs/1000 ft² per 24 hours (3.91 kg/100 m² per 24 hours) ASTM F1869. Alternatively, a Tramex test can be done in accordance with ASTM F2659 however, recorded values higher than 4.5% require a Calcium Chloride test to verify that the subfloor moisture is appropriate. In Situ probe testing can also be used according to ASTM F2170 and the reading should not exceed 85%.

Test concrete subfloor for moisture prior to installation. To do so:
1. Tape 3’ x 3’ (91cm x 91cm) pieces of polyethylene vapor barrier to subfloor.
2. If condensation appears on the film after 24 hours or concrete appears dark in color moisture is likely present and a Calcium Chloride test must be performed.

C. Wood
- Wood subfloors must be structurally sound and screwed or nailed to supporting beams.
- Subfloor moisture must be tested prior to installation and should not exceed 12% throughout the installation area.
- Do not install SONO floors over wood subfloors applied directly to concrete.

D. Vinyl (sheet/tile), Linoleum, Ceramic Tile
- The existing hard–surface floor covering must be well bonded and the surface is flat and smooth.
- Tile unevenness (large grout lines) should be made smooth by applying an overlay such as cementitious patching or leveling compound.
- Existing floors should not be heavily cushioned and not exceed one layer in thickness.

5. ROOM PREPARATION

A. Wall Base/Trim
- Removal of existing wall base/trim is optional. If you decide not to remove your wall base then you will have to install quarter round moldings after installation of the floor is complete.
- Wall base or trim will need to be installed once the flooring installation is complete to cover any areas where you have an expansion space.
- Always nail/adhere wall base and trim to the wall. Never nail/adhere it to the flooring.

B. Cabinets & Islands
- Cabinets & Islands can be installed directly over
C. Doors/Door Jambs
SONO floors should be installed under door jambs. As such door jambs will need to be undercut accordingly. To do so:
- Use a SONO flooring off-cut and a small piece of underlay to support your saw blade at the correct height for undercutting.
- Check door clearances and make any necessary height adjustments before installing SONO floors.
- Make sure to leave the correct expansion spacing from the wall under the door jamb.
- In some cases you may have to modify the locking system of the long edge as the door jamb will prevent you from angling the locking system together. To do so, safely remove a small section of the groove on the long edge.

6. GLUE-DOWN INSTALLATION

While designed to be a floating installation SONO can be installed as a glue-down installation.
- It is recommended that planks be mixed from at least three cartons to achieve the most natural and varied results.
- Inspect every plank for damage and visual defects before installing it. Any planks that are suspect DO NOT INSTALL and call our help line at 888.255.3412 or your local retailer. Product with obvious visual defects/damage will not be covered once installed.
- The first and last row of the installation should be wider than 3.5” (9cm). To ensure this will be the case, prior to installation:
  1. Measure the width of the room and divide it by the width of the planks you are installing.
  2. If the remainder is less than 3.5” (9cm) cut 3.5” (9cm) from the width of the first row. If this is not possible, simply ensure that both edge planks are as even in width as possible.
- The first and last plank in a row should be a minimum of 16” (40cm) long.
- Stagger the planks from row to row by a minimum of 16” (40cm).
- Prepare the subfloor and room as per the corresponding instructions found in this guideline.
- Use spacers to maintain the correct expansion space between the first row and the wall (if required).
- Select a starting corner of the room and work from left to right.

TIP: If possible, it is often easiest to start at the door of the room so that the first row can be easily ripped to match the shape of the door jamb.

A. Additional Subfloor conditions
The subfloor in addition to being level, dry, and free of cracks must be pH Neutral (less than or equal to 9).

B. Adhesive
There are a variety of adhesives that are approved for use with SONO, for a full list of approved adhesives please contact our support line at 888.255.3412.
All specifications of the adhesive manufacturer such as setting, trowel recommendations, and/or laying time must be followed. The adhesive must be applied over the entire installation area.

C. Wall Irregularities
Walls are not always perfectly straight. If required for your installation, SONO floors will need to be cut so as to fit within irregularities of your walls. To do so:
  1. Dry install a complete, first row of SONO floors
(following the Installation Procedures below) and ensure that all long edges of the SONO flooring are aligned flush with one other.

2. Slide the whole row gently against the wall; you will now notice any wall irregularities (i.e. areas where the wall is not straight.)

3. Trace the contour of the wall onto the row of SONO flooring with a pencil or marker. Once traced, uninstall the planks carefully so as to not damage the locking system and cut along the traced line (see Plank Removal Guidelines, Section 7.)

4. Apply adhesive, then re-install the row.

D. Laying planks
We recommend cutting and dry fitting the first three rows before applying adhesive to the subfloor. Once the dry fit is prepared then apply adhesive to the required area and place the previously fitted planks on the glue bed. Next apply adhesive to the adjoining area (we recommend only 3-4 rows or an amount that you can process comfortably). Continue with laying the planks row by row taking care to ensure that each plank is engaged to the previous planks and that each plank is securely and evenly pressed into the adhesive bed. Roll SONO immediately after installation with a 100 lb. (45.4 kg) roller. Work from the center towards the edges to expel trapped air.

7. PLANK INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

A. FIRST ROW

Method 1
1. Lay the first plank with the long edge tongue facing the wall.
2. Lift the right side of the second plank to a 30-degree angle and place its short end tongue into the groove of the first plank.
3. Lower the plank to lock the two together.
4. Continue in this manner until the first row is complete. You will have to cut the last plank to complete the row.
5. Use the remainder of the last plank of the first row to start the second row provided that it is a minimum of 16” (40cm) long.

Method 2
1. Lay the first plank with the long edge tongue facing the wall.
2. Lay the second plank flat on the floor with the short edge joint aligned with the first plank.
3. Slide the planks perpendicular to each other
4. Continue in this manner until the first row is complete. You will have to cut the last plank to complete the row.
5. Use the remainder of the last plank of the first row to start the second row provided that it is a minimum of 16” (40cm) long.

B. ALL OTHER ROWS
1. Install the first plank of the second row by installing its long edge to the previous row’s groove in a similar manner as you installed the short edges of the first row (i.e. 30 degree angle and lower).
2. Install the long edge of the second plank to the previous row
3. Before lowering the plank, make sure its short end tongue overlaps with the previous plank’s short end groove.
4. Lower the plank slowly (a short oscillating or up-and-down motion may help lower the plank)
5. Apply pressure to the planks short edge starting at the previous row and then engaging towards yourself across the width i.e. like a ziploc bag, so as to activate the MegaLoc™ locking mechanism. A non-marking seam roller can speed up this process.
C. COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION
1. Remove all the spacers
2. Roll SONO immediately after installation with a 100 lb. (45.4 kg) roller. Work from the center towards the edges to expel trapped air.
3. Install trim moldings
4. Clean floor and inspect

8. WET AREA RECOMMENDATIONS
SONO flooring is waterproof but it does not create a waterproof barrier when installed. Special procedures should be followed when installing SONO floors in areas that are prone to moisture (e.g. bathrooms, kitchens, or entryways). As moisture can penetrate through the joints over time, the subfloor must be suitable for damp areas.

- The subfloor must incorporate a moisture barrier/sealant for installation in wet areas. If you are directly gluing the product to the subfloor, do not use a polyfilm vapor barrier. The flooring must be directly adhered to the subfloor.
- Fill all expansion spaces with 100% silicone caulking (caulking is flexible and will still allow SONO floors to expand and contract).
- Toilets must be removed when installing SONO floors in bathrooms and a 3/8” (9mm) expansion must be left between the flooring edge and the toilet flange. The expansion space must be filled with 100% silicone caulking.

9. MOLDINGS
- Moldings can be attached with metal track (except for quarter round and stair nose) 6d finishing nails or construction adhesive (e.g. Liquid Nails, PL 400). When using adhesive weigh down moldings evenly to ensure proper adhesion. Be careful not to use too much adhesive as it could fill the expansion zone.
- Quarter round moldings and wall base moldings should always be fastened to the wall.
- Ensure that you leave at least 3/8” (9mm) expansion space between moldings and SONO floors.
- If installing over radiant heated floors, always use construction adhesive to attach the moldings.
- Always pre-drill moldings with appropriate size drill bit to avoid cracking or splitting.

A. Metal Track
The metal track system can be used to install T-moldings, reducers and square nose moldings. Simply screw or nail the track to the sub-floor and snap the molding in place.

B. Quarter Round
Quarter rounds are used to cover the space between the floor and existing baseboards. Nail quarter rounds to the wall, not the floor. Do not force the trim against the floor.

C. 2-in1 Profile
2-in1 moldings are a multi-use product that can act as a T-Molding (two floors of a similar height), Reducer (floors of different height), or End Cap (vertical stop i.e. sliding door)

T-MOLDING
If installing with metal track:
1. Install track first
2. Install SONO floor up to track leaving a 3/8” (9mm) expansion space between the SONO floor and the track.

If installing without metal track:
1. Measure so as to ensure that a 3/8” (9mm) space will be left between the SONO floor and the vertical part of the molding.
2. Install the SONO floors up to the measured point.
3. Install the molding.

REDUCER
If installing with metal track:
1. Install track first
2. Install SONO floor up to track leaving a 3/8” (9mm) expansion space between the SONO floor and track.

If installing without metal track:
1. Measure so as to ensure that a 3/8” (9mm) space will be left between the SONO floor and the vertical part of the molding.
2. Install the SONO floors up to the measured point.

FOR ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE CALL CUSTOMER SUPPORT AT 888.255.3412
3. Install the molding.

END CAP
If installing with metal track:
1. Cut 0.5" strip of SONO flooring the length of the trim.
2. Install the strip of SONO against the vertical edge.
3. Install track so that edge of molding is against the vertical edge and resting on the strip of SONO.
4. Install SONO floor up to track leaving a 3/8" (9mm) expansion space between the SONO floor and the track.

D. Stair Nosing
Stair Nosing is used on landings or stairs.
IMPORTANT: Stair Nosing should always be installed with both nails and adhesive so as to ensure a safe and secure fit:
1. If your stair treads have existing bull-nosing, remove the bull nosing so as to have a 90-degree angle between tread and riser.
2. Begin at the bottom riser, measure and cut a piece of SONO flooring to fit flush with the sub-floor.
3. Glue the piece of flooring to the riser by applying a 3" serpentine bead of construction adhesive to the back of the flooring.
4. Press the flooring in place.
5. Measure and cut piece of SONO flooring to width of your stair-tread (depending on the depth of your stairs you may need to use more than one piece of flooring).
6. Install the SONO flooring by gluing it to the stair-tread in the same manner as you did the riser.

NOTE: If installing on a landing, install flooring as per the normal procedures, not by gluing it to the sub-floor.
7. Measure and cut the stair nose molding to length.
8. Pre-drill holes on stair nose molding for 6d finishing nails.
9. Adhere stair nose molding to stair-tread with construction adhesive (apply 3/16" bead of adhesive in a 3" repeating serpentine pattern to the back of the stair nose).
10. Anchor stair nose molding with 6d finishing nails.
11. Always ensure you use mechanical (nail) and adhesive (glue) fasteners to secure the stair nose molding.