

**Annual Report 2022** 



April 10, 2023

To Our Valued Shareholders:

2022 was an interesting year for our company. A mixed blessing if you will.

The Federal Reserve's campaign to control inflation, rapidly tightening monetary policy through aggressive interest rate increases, coming on the heels of expansive fiscal policy by the United States Congress put increasing pressure on many banks' financial performance throughout 2022. Heritage was no exception.

By the third quarter of the year, disintermediation – not seen in our industry on over 40 years – began to force deposit pricing and management into a defensive posture. While the customer base we serve grew steadily throughout the year, non-time deposits – having swollen during the Covid 19 Pandemic - began to dissipate as large deposits searched for higher yields. Cost of Funds rose from 0.46% in Q1 to 0.96% in Q4. Yield on our earning assets increased only slightly during the year. However, the growth in our asset base offset the margin compression, generating nearly 15% larger Net Interest Income in Q4 vs. Q1.

Our core residential mortgage business was greatly impacted by the same economic conditions. Mortgage rates practically doubled during the year. Refinancing transactions virtually disappeared, and home purchase transactions were significantly less as the year progressed, resulting in a huge reduction in noninterest income. The credit quality of our loan portfolio remains very strong; nonperforming assets are minimal.

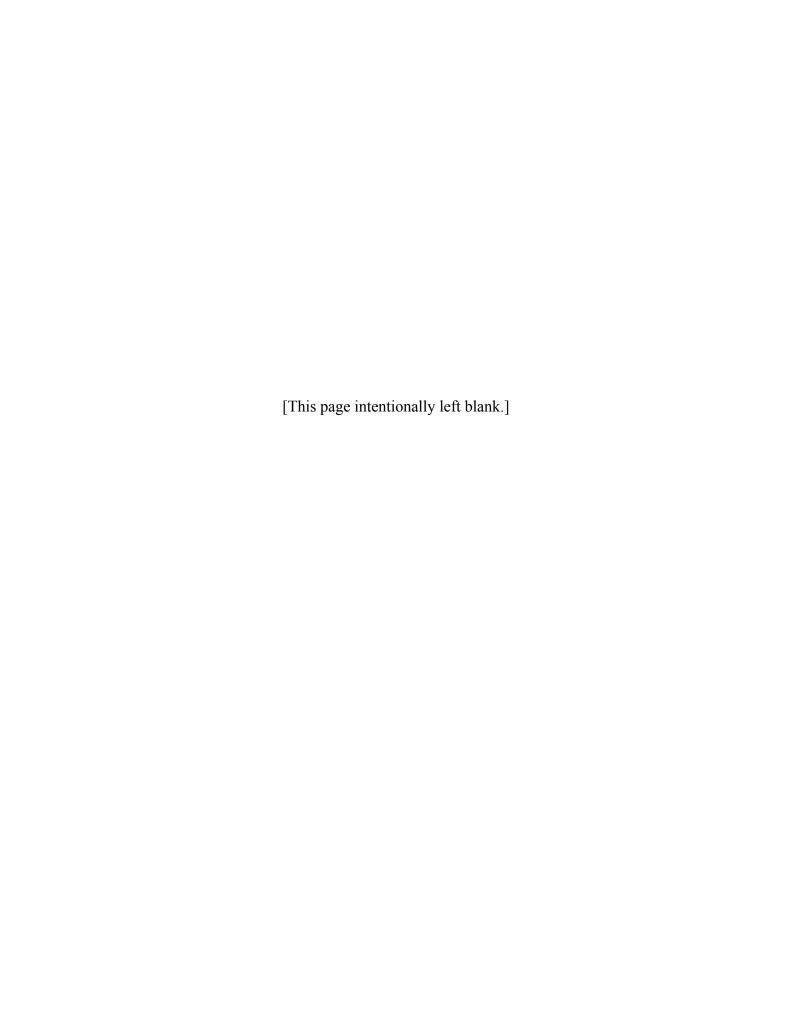
We greet each day with a sense of optimism that we are poised to capitalize upon the expected return of a positively sloped yield curve. Our franchise value continues to climb as we attract new customers and turn them into friends with exceptional service.

Thank you for the confidence you have displayed in our team by your investment in our Company.

Sincerely,

W. David Crumhorn

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer





## ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT 2022 AND 2021

## Consolidated Financial Statements Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Audited Financial Statements:	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Income	4
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	6
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7-8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	9 - 40



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Audit Committee and Board of Directors Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiary Covington, Louisiana

## **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. (a Maryland Corporation) and its Subsidiary, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income (loss), changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its Subsidiary as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its Subsidiary, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its Subsidiary's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its Subsidiary's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP

Baton Rouge, Louisiana March 7, 2023

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Due from Banks	\$	2,552	\$	1,162
Interest Earning Deposits in Banks		1,883		13,531
Federal Funds Sold		250		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,685		14,693
Interest Earning Time Deposits in Banks		2,341		3,586
Securities Available for Sale, at Fair Value		15,920		17,681
Securities Held to Maturity		8,588		2,722
Mortgage Loans Held for Sale		_		199
Loans Receivable, Net of Unearned Income		136,530		103,615
Allowance for Loan Losses		(1,020)		(1,033)
Total Loans, Net		135,510		102,781
Premises and Equipment		6,907		7,191
Federal Home Loan Bank Stock		857		846
Bank Owned Life Insurance		2,312		2,259
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		2,418		1,810
Total Assets	\$	179,538	\$	153,569
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Interest Bearing Deposits	\$	119,325	\$	104,633
Noninterest Bearing Deposits		16,794		14,527
Total Deposits		136,119		119,160
Borrowed Funds		21,612		10,468
Advances from Borrowers for Taxes and Insurance		216		547
Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities		1,103		1,135
Total Liabilities		159,050		131,310
Shareholders' Equity				
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 Par Value, 1,000,000 Shares Authorized, None Issued		_		_
Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value, 9,000,000 Shares Authorized, 1,239,680 and 1,292,880				
Shares Issued and Outstanding on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021		12		13
Additional Paid-in Capital		10,364		10,960
Unallocated common stock held by:				
Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP)		(1,005)		(1,058)
Retained Earnings		13,161		12,535
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		(2,044)		(191)
Total Shareholders' Equity		20,488		22,259
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	179,538	\$	153,569

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,						
		2022	2021				
T							
Interest Income	¢.	5 (71	Ф	<i>5.5</i> 20			
Loans, including Fees	\$	5,671	\$	5,520			
Investment Securities		437		207			
Other Interest Earning Assets		179		114			
Total Interest Income		6,287		5,841			
Interest Expense							
Deposits		790		690			
Borrowed Funds		220		187			
Total Interest Expense		1,010		877			
Net Interest Income		5,277		4,964			
Provision for Loan Losses				25			
Net Interest Income after Provision for Loan Losses		5,277	•	4,939			
Noninterest Income							
Gain on Sale of Loans Originated for Sale		87		649			
Loan Servicing Income		331		520			
Other Income		241		212			
Total Noninterest Income		659		1,381			
Noninterest Expense							
Salaries and Employee Benefits		3,089		3,079			
Occupancy and Equipment		643		636			
Data Processing		297		243			
FDIC Insurance and Examination Fees		96		87			
Director Compensation		104		71			
Legal, Accounting and Professional Fees		208		180			
Advertising		144		141			
Telephone and Communications		87		82			
Loss on Sale of Securities		_		5			
Loss on Disposition of Fixed Assets		_		5			
Other		502		526			
Total Noninterest Expense		5,170		5,055			
Income Before Income Tax Expense		766		1,265			
Income Tax Expense		140		256			
Net Income	\$	626	\$	1,009			
Earnings per share: Basic	\$	0.54	\$	0.82			
Diluted	\$	0.51	\$	0.80			

## HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31								
		2022	2021						
Net Income	\$	626	\$	1,009					
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):									
Unrealized Holding Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale		(2,346)		(315)					
Reclassification Adjustment for Realized Losses on Securities Available for Sale included in Net Income		_		5					
Income Tax Effect		493		65					
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(1,853)		(245)					
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$	(1,227)	\$	764					

## HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	mmon ock	1	lditional Paid In Capital	allocated ESOP Shares	etained arnings	Com	oumulated Other aprehensive ome (Loss)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 14	\$	11,815	\$ (1,111)	\$ 11,526	\$	54	\$ 22,298
Compensation Expense related to restricted shares	_		155	_	_		_	155
Compensation Expense related to stock options	_		101	_	_		_	101
ESOP Shares Released	_		23	53	_		_	76
Stock Shares Repurchased	(1)		(1,134)	_	_		_	(1,135)
Net Income	_		_	_	1,009		_	1,009
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	 			 	 		(245)	(245)
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 13	\$	10,960	\$ (1,058)	\$ 12,535	\$	(191)	\$ 22,259
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 13	\$	10,960	\$ (1,058)	\$ 12,535	\$	(191)	\$ 22,259
Compensation Expense related to restricted shares	_		155	_	_		_	155
Compensation Expense related to stock options	_		101	_	_		_	101
ESOP Shares Released	_		35	53	_		_	88
Stock Shares Repurchased	(1)		(887)	_	_		_	(888)
Net Income	_		_	_	626		_	626
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	 			 	 		(1,853)	 (1,853)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 12	\$	10,364	\$ (1,005)	\$ 13,161	\$	(2,044)	\$ 20,488

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	Y	ears Ended	Decem	ber 31,
		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Net Income	\$	626	\$	1,009
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities				
Provision for Loan Losses		_		25
Provision for Depreciation		291		287
Deferred Income Tax Expense (Benefit)		(27)		(5)
Change in Mortgage Servicing Rights		(1)		(150)
(Gain) or Loss on Sale of Securites Available for Sale		_		5
(Accretion) Amortization of Premiums and Discounts on Securities		101		105
(Accretion) Amortization of Deferred Loan Origination Fees		60		117
Gain on Sale of Loans Originated for Sale		(87)		(649)
Proceeds from Sale of Loans		5,903		34,281
Originations of Loans Held for Sale		(5,617)		(30,611)
Loss on disposal of Premise and Equipment		_		5
Stock dividends on FHLB Stock		(11)		(5)
Compensation Expense related to Stock Benefit Plans		344		332
(Increase) Decrease in Accrued Interest Receivable		(120)		25
(Increase) Decrease in Bank Owned Life Insurance		(53)		(53)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		33		(56)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities		(32)		72
Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities		1,410		4,734
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchases of Securities Available for Sale		(2,167)		(10,305)
Principal Collected on Securities Available for Sale		1,505		2,492
Proceeds from Sale of Securities Available for Sale		_		1,535
Purchases of Securities Held to Maturity		(7,078)		(2,553)
Principal Collected on Securities Held to Maturity		1,188		93
Net Change in Interest-earning Time Deposits at Banks		1,245		1,494
Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(32,988)		(1,953)
Purchases of Premises and Equipment	_	(7)	_	(76)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Investing Activities		(38,302)		(9,273)

(Continued on the next page)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Dollars in thousands)

	<u> </u>	ears Ended l	De ce m	ber 31,
		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		16,959		15,469
Shares Repurchased		(888)		(1,135)
Advances from Borrowers for Taxes and Insurance		(331)		290
Borrowed Funds		46,050		4,200
Repayments of Borrowed Funds		(34,906)		(7,837)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities		26,884		10,987
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(10,008)		6,448
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Period		14,693		8,245
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Period	\$	4,685	\$	14,693
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest Paid on Deposits	\$	786	\$	690
Interest Paid on Borrowed Funds	\$	185	\$	194
Income Taxes Paid	\$	140	\$	247

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

## Nature of Operations

Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") (OTC Pink Marketplace – HRGG) was formed to serve as the stock holding company for Heritage Bank of St. Tammany (the "Bank") upon completion of its mutual-to-stock conversion. The conversion was effective July 12, 2017. Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. issued 1,653,125 shares at an offering price of \$10.00 per share.

On July 16, 2021, Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc., filed a Form 15 with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to deregister its common stock under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Upon filing the Form 15, the Company's obligation to file periodic reports with the SEC, including reports on Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, and proxy materials was suspended and was thereafter terminated. The Bank continues to report detailed quarterly financial results to its regulators.

The Bank is a community bank providing various financial services through its four branches, two in Covington, and one each in Slidell and Madisonville, Louisiana. The primary lending products are single-family residential loans and commercial real estate loans. The primary deposit products are demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

## Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, include Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary the Bank, together referred to as the Company. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

## Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk

Most of the Company's activities are with customers located within St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana. The types of securities that the Company invests in are included in Note C. The types of lending that the Company engages in are included in Note D. The Company does not have any significant concentrations to any one industry or customer. Real estate loans related to residential properties represented 49% and 57% of the total loan portfolio at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair values of financial instruments are estimated using relevant market information and other assumptions. Fair value estimates involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment. Changes in assumptions or in market conditions could significantly affect the estimate.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents, are defined as all highly liquid debt instruments, excluding securities, with original maturities at purchase of three months or less.

## **Interest Earning Time Deposits**

Interest earning time deposits in banks with original maturities at purchase of greater than three months are carried at cost.

## Securities

Securities are classified in three categories at the time of purchase and accounted for as follows:

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and reported at cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts which are recognized in interest income using the interest method.

Securities that are bought and held by the Company primarily for the purpose of selling them in the near future are classified as trading securities and reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are included in earnings. The Company had no securities classified as trading as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Securities classified as available for sale are those securities that the Company intends to hold for an indefinite period of time but not necessarily to maturity. Any decision to sell a security classified as available for sale would be based on various factors including changes in market interest rates, liquidity needs, changes in yields or alternative investments, and for other reasons. They are reported at fair value. Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method. Unrealized gains and losses, net of income tax, are excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of equity until realized. Gains and losses on the sale of securities available for sale are determined using the specific identification method.

Declines in the fair value of individual held to maturity and available for sale securities below their cost that are other-than-temporary result in write-downs of the individual securities to their fair value. The related write-downs are included in earnings as realized losses.

On a quarterly basis (and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant), management evaluates the investment securities portfolio on an individual security basis for other-than- temporary impairment (OTTI). If a security is in a loss position, management will determine if OTTI exists and will consider the following. First, if it is probable that the issuer of the security will be unable to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the debt security, OTTI will be recognized. Second, if management intends to sell the security and does not expect to recover the loss before the anticipated sale date, OTTI will be recognized. In both instances, OTTI will be recognized for the affected security equal to the difference between the fair value and amortized cost through a charge to earnings. Third, if a security does not meet either of the criteria above and is both in a loss position for greater than one year and at a current loss of 10% or more, management will evaluate its ability and intent to retain its investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

#### Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas (FHLB) Stock

FHLB stock is redeemable at par value at the discretion of the FHLB and is used to collateralize FHLB advances. The stock is carried at cost which approximates fair value. The Bank is a member of the FHLB System which requires the Bank to purchase and maintain stock in the FHLB. The requirement is generally 0.04% of total assets at the most recent December 31 plus 4.10% of outstanding FHLB advances. The Bank was in compliance with these requirements at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### Loans Receivable

The Bank grants land, residential, commercial real estate, and consumer loans to customers. A substantial portion of the loan portfolio is represented by real estate loans primarily in St. Tammany Parish. The ability of the Bank's debtors to honor their contracts is dependent upon the real estate and general economic conditions in this area.

Loans that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff generally are reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balances adjusted for charge-offs, the allowance for loan losses, and any deferred loan fees or costs on originated loans.

For loans amortized at cost, interest income is accrued based on the unpaid principal balance. Loan origination fees, net of direct loan origination costs, are deferred and amortized as a level yield adjustment over the respective term of the loan.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The accrual of interest on the loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days past due unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Loans are typically charged off not later than 180 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash basis or cost recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

## Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

Mortgage loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or fair value under fair value option accounting guidance for financial instruments. For these loans, gains and losses on loan sales are recorded in noninterest income, and direct loan origination costs and fees are deferred at origination of the loan and are recognized in noninterest income upon sale of the loan.

## Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The allowance consists of allocated and general components. The allocated component relates to loans that are classified as impaired. For those loans that are classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the discounted cash flows (or collateral value or observable market price) of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. The general component covers non-classified loans and is based on historical charge-off experience. Other adjustments may be made to the allowance for pools of loans after an assessment of internal and external influence on credit quality that are not fully reflected in the historical loss or risk rating data.

A loan is considered impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls are considered on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent.

#### Mortgage Servicing Rights

Mortgage servicing rights are recognized separately when rights are acquired through the sale or servicing of financial assets. Under authorization guidance of FASB ASC 860-50, servicing rights resulting from the sale of loans originated by the Bank are initially measured at fair value at the date of transfer. The Bank subsequently measures each class of servicing asset using the amortization method. Under the amortization method, servicing rights are amortized in proportion to and over the period of estimated net servicing income. The amortized assets are assessed

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

for impairment or increased obligation based on fair value at each reporting date. Servicing fee income is recorded for fees earned for servicing loans. The fees are based on a contractual percentage of the outstanding principal or a fixed amount per loan and are recorded as income when earned. The amortization of mortgage servicing rights is netted against loan servicing fee income.

#### Foreclosed Real Estate

Foreclosed real estate properties acquired through, or in lieu of, loan foreclosure are held for sale and are initially recorded at fair value less estimated costs to sell at the date of foreclosure. Loan losses arising from the acquisition of these properties are charged against the allowance for loan losses. After foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the real estate is carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Costs relating to development and improvement of property are capitalized, whereas costs relating to holding property are expensed.

## Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method (book purposes) or accelerated methods (tax purposes) over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Land is carried at cost. The cost of assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts in the year of disposal and the resulting gains or losses are included in current operations.

#### Bank Owned Life Insurance

The cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance policies represents the value of life insurance policies on certain current and former officers of the Company for which the Company is the beneficiary. The Company accounts for these assets using the cash surrender value method in determining the carrying value of the insurance policies.

#### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding; no dilution for any potentially convertible shares is included in the calculation. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the Company. The potential common shares that may be issued by the Company relate to outstanding stock options.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Earnings per common share were computed based on the following:

	 Years Ended	Decemb	per 31,
(in thousands, except per share data)	2022		2021
Numerator:			
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 626	\$	1,009
Denominator:			
Weighted average common shares outstanding	1,258,213		1,338,719
Average unallocated ESOP shares	 (105,786)		(111,076)
Weighted average shares	 1,152,427		1,227,643
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Restrictive Stock	52,015		38,630
Stock Options	27,140		_
Weighted average common shares outstanding - assuming dilution	1,231,582		1,266,273
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.54	\$	0.82
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.51	\$	0.80

#### Income Taxes

Current income tax expense reflects taxes to be paid or refunded for the current period by applying the provisions of the enacted tax law to the taxable income or excess of deductions over revenues. The Bank determines deferred income taxes using the liability (or balance sheet) method. Under this method, the net deferred tax asset or liability is based on the tax effects of the differences between book and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and enacted changes in tax rates and laws are recognized in the period in which they occur.

Deferred income tax expense results from changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities between periods. Deferred tax assets are recognized if it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the tax position will be realized or sustained upon examination. The term more likely than not means a likelihood of more than 50 percent; the terms examined and upon examination also include resolution of the related appeals or litigation process, if any. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is initially and subsequently measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon settlement with the taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The determination of whether or not a tax position has met the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold considers the facts, circumstances, and information available at the reporting date and is subject to management's judgment. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of evidence available, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The income tax accounting guidance related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes sets out a consistent framework to determine the appropriate level of tax reserves to maintain for uncertain tax positions. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, management is not aware of any uncertain tax positions that would have a material effect on the Bank's financial statements.

## **Advertising Costs**

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## Recognition of Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Non-interest income from service charges on deposit accounts, ATM/debit card fee income, credit card and merchant-related income (e.g., interchange fees), and transactional income from traditional banking services are the significant sources of revenue from contracts with customers. The Company generally acts in a principal capacity in the performance of these services. The Company's performance obligations are generally satisfied as the services are rendered and typically do not extend beyond a reporting period.

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Bank are entitled to paid vacation, paid sick days and personal days off, depending on length of service and other factors. It is impractical to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and, accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The Bank's policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

#### **Estimates**

The use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses. In connection with the determination of the allowance for loan losses and valuation of foreclosed real estate, management obtains independent appraisals for significant properties.

In the ordinary course of business, the Bank enters into off-balance-sheet financial instruments consisting of commitments to extend credit, including unfunded commitments under lines of credit. Such financial instruments are recorded in the financial statements when they are funded.

#### Comprehensive Income

The Bank reports comprehensive income in accordance with the accounting guidance related to FAS ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income*. Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income includes net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale and is presented in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity and comprehensive income.

#### Leases

Effective January 1, 2022, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842), and all related amendments retrospectively at the beginning of the period of adoption through a cumulative-effect adjustment, electing not to adjust the comparative period. This guidance requires that right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities be recorded on the balance sheet. The Company elected the practical expedient relief package allowed by the new standard, which does not require the reassessment of (1) whether existing contracts contain a lease, (2) the lease classification or (3) unamortized initial direct costs for existing leases. Additionally, the Company made accounting policy elections for the exclusion of short-term leases (leases with an initial term of 12 months or less and which do not include a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise) from the balance sheet presentation. The Company had no operating or finance leases as of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)*. ASU 2016-13 requires an entity to utilize a new impairment model known as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model to estimate its lifetime "expected credit loss" and record an allowance that, when deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial asset, presents the net amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. The CECL model is expected to result in more timely recognition of credit losses. ASU 2016-13 also requires new disclosures for financial assets measured at amortized cost, loans, and available-for-sale debt securities. Entities will apply the standard's provisions as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted. The Bank adopted ASU 2016-13 effective January 1, 2023. The adoption of this ASU resulted in the Bank increasing its allowance for loan losses in the amount of \$295,000. This amount was adjusted through retained earnings, net of deferred taxes, as of that date.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications may have been made to the 2021 financial information in order to conform to the 2022 financial statement presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net income.

#### Subsequent Events

In preparing the financial statements, the Bank has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through March 7, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Note B - Commitments and Contingencies -

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments are commitments to extend credit. The instruments contain various elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheets. The Bank's exposure to credit loss, if the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit does not perform, is the contractual amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments that it does for onbalance-sheet financial instruments. The Bank had construction loans in process commitments of \$14.6 million, unfunded home equity lines of credit of \$10.1 million, and unfunded various other lines of credit of \$733,000. The Bank maintained cash accounts at various financial institutions during 2022 and 2021. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance coverage under defined limits. At various times in 2022 and 2021, the Bank may have had funds on deposit at these institutions which were in excess of the insured amount. Deposits at the FHLB are not subject to insurance coverage.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer if there is no violation of any contract conditions. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since some of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Management evaluates each customer's credit request separately and determines and obtains the amount of collateral needed when credit is extended. Collateral includes primarily real estate.

The Bank has established a federal funds line of credit agreement with First National Bankers Bank (FNBB) that renews annually. In June 2022, the line was renewed at \$6,700,000 until 2023. The interest rate would be set by FNBB on the day any borrowing occurs. There were no borrowings under this agreement at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## **Note C - Investment Securities -**

The amortized costs and estimated fair values of securities at December 31 were as follows:

				Decembe	r 31, 20	022		
(in thousands)	An	Amortized Cost		ross ealized ains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Fair Value	
Available for Sale:								
U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools	\$	727	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$ 725	
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		7,364		1		(792)	6,573	
U.S. Government Agency		4,495		_		(905)	3,590	
Municipal Bonds		5,922		_		(890)	5,032	
Total Available for Sale	\$	18,508	\$	1	\$	(2,589)	\$ 15,920	
Held to Maturity:								
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$	8,588	\$		\$	(908)	\$ 7,680	
				Decembe	r 31, 20	021		
				ross	(	Gross	г.	
(in thousands)	An	iortized Cost	Unre		Un		Fair Value	
(in thousands) Available for Sale:	An		Unre	ross ealized	Un	Gross realized		
.`	An \$		Unre	ross ealized	Un	Gross realized	\$	
Available for Sale:		Cost	Unre G	ross ealized ains	Un (I	Gross realized	\$ Value	
Available for Sale: U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools		1,251	Unre G	ross ealized ains	Un (I	Gross realized Losses)	\$ <b>Value</b> 1,259	
Available for Sale: U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		1,251 6,203	Unre G	ross ealized ains	Un (I	Gross realized Losses)  (75)	\$ 1,259 6,176	
Available for Sale:  U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools  U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities  U.S. Government Agency		1,251 6,203 4,494	Unre G	ross ealized ains	Un (I	Gross realized Losses)  (75) (190)	\$ 1,259 6,176 4,304	
Available for Sale: U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities U.S. Government Agency Municipal Bonds		1,251 6,203 4,494 5,975	Unro G:	ealized ains  8 48 30	Un (I	Gross realized Losses)  (75) (190) (63)	\$ 1,259 6,176 4,304 5,942	

There were no securities sold in 2022. In 2021, the proceeds from the sale of securities available for sale was \$1.5 million, resulting in net realized losses of \$5,000.

## HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities at December 31, 2022 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or repay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. The scheduled contractual maturities of securities available for sale and held to maturity at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	An	nortized	Fair
(in thousands)		Cost	Value
Available for Sale:			
Within One Year	\$	1,004	\$ 971
After One Year Through Five Years		1,264	1,112
After Five Years Through Ten Years		4,624	3,730
After Ten Years		11,616	 10,107
	\$	18,508	\$ 15,920
Held to Maturity:			
After One Year Through Five Years	\$	67	\$ 63
After Five Years Through Ten Years		666	625
After Ten Years		7,855	 6,992
	\$	8,588	\$ 7,680

The following table reflects gross unrealized losses, fair values, and length of time in a continued unrealized loss position for all securities with fair values below amortized cost at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

						De ce m be	r 31, 2	2022				
	Less Than 12 Months 12 M				12 Months	or L	onger	Total				
			Unr	ealized			Un	realized			Un	realized
(in thousands)	Fai	ir Value		Loss	Fa	ir Value		Loss	Fa	ir Value		Loss
Available for Sale:												
U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools	\$	725	\$	2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	725	\$	2
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		2,904		111		3,612		681		6,516		792
U.S. Government Agency		_		_		3,590		905		3,590		905
Municipal Bonds		1,009		114		4,023		776		5,032		890
Total Available for Sale	\$	4,638	\$	227	\$	11,225	\$	2,362	\$	15,863	\$	2,589
Held to Maturity:												
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$	5,202	\$	503	\$	2,479	\$	405	\$	7,681	\$	908

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

						De ce m be	r 31, 2	021				
		Less Tha	an 12 I	Months		12 Mont	hs or l	Longer		To	otal	
			Unr	realized			Unı	realized			Uni	realized
(in thousands)	Fa	ir Value_		Loss	Fai	ir Value		Loss	Fa	ir Value		Loss
Available for Sale:												
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$	4,593		74	\$	89		1	\$	4,682		75
U.S. Government Agency		726		25		3,578		165		4,304		190
Municipal Bonds		3,557		63		_		_		3,557		63
Total Available for Sale	\$	8,876	\$	162	\$	3,667	\$	166	\$	12,543	\$	328
Held to Maturity:												
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$	2,527	\$	31	\$	56	\$	2	\$	2,583	\$	33

Management evaluates securities for OTTI as described in Note A. No declines at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were deemed to be other-than-temporary. The unrealized losses on the securities available for sale generally result from changes in market interest rates and not credit quality.

#### Note D - Loans Receivable --

Loans receivable at December 31 are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	 2022		2021
Real Estate:			
Mortgage Loans held for sale	\$ _	\$	199
Secured by one-to four family residential properties			
Owner-occupied	53,836		45,259
Non-owner-occupied	14,260		11,983
Home Equity Lines of Credit	5,624		4,232
Commercial (Nonresidential) Properties	42,118		25,685
Land	10,727		5,962
Construction	18,075		7,707
Multi-family	1,561		2,917
Commercial	4,684		3,974
Consumer Loans	349		485
Total Loans	 151,234		108,403
Less: Net Deferred Loan Fees	(147)		(206)
Loans in Process	(14,557)		(4,383)
Allowance for Loan Losses	(1,020)		(1,033)
Net Loans	\$ 135,510	\$	102,781

Discounts on loans purchased amounted to \$61,000 and \$111,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At December 31, 2022, the Bank did have not any loans where formal foreclosure procedures had been initiated.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Under its current lending status with the FHLB (Note J), the Bank may be required to deliver qualifying loans and securities to the FHLB in order to collateralize any outstanding and future advances. The Bank did not deliver any specific available for sale securities or loans to the FHLB at December 31, 2022 and 2021. FHLB maintains a blanket lien on \$55.3 million of our loan portfolio and \$982,000 of our securities portfolio.

#### Loans - Real Estate, Commercial and Consumer

Commercial real estate loans are secured by the subject property and are underwritten based upon standards set forth in policies approved by the Bank's Board of Directors (Board). Such standards include, among other factors, loan to value limits, cash flow coverage, and general creditworthiness of the obligors.

Residential real estate loans are underwritten in accordance with policies approved by the Board, including repayment capacity and source, value of the underlying property, credit history and stability.

Construction loans to borrowers are to finance the construction of owner occupied and leased properties. These loans are categorized as construction loans during the construction period, later converting to commercial or residential real estate loans after the construction is complete and amortization of the loan begins. Construction loan funds are disbursed periodically based on the percentage of construction completed. Management carefully monitors these loans with on-site inspections.

The Bank also makes loans on occasion for the purchase of land for future development for either commercial or residential use by the borrower.

Consumer loans are extended for deposit account collateralized loans and small unsecured loans.

Commercial loans and lines of credit are offered, and the Bank also purchases commercial loans from a third party company that extends loans to healthcare providers and other professionals.

The tables below provide an allocation and roll forward of the allowance for loan losses by loan type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The allocation of a portion of the allowance to one category does not preclude its availability to absorb losses in other categories.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# Allowance for Credit Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans Receivable For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

(in thousands)

				R	eal Estate										
					e-to-Four										77
	Coi	mmercial	 Land		Family	Cor	struction	Mul	ti-Family	Coi	nsumer	Cor	nmercial	_	Total
Allowance for Credit  Losses:															
Beginning Balance Charge-offs Recoveries	\$	190 —	\$ 66 — —	\$	564 — —	\$	55 — —	\$	15 — —	\$	17 (18) 5	\$	126 — —	\$	1,033 (18) 5
Provision Ending Balance	\$	15 205	\$ 9 75	\$	(45) 519	\$	34 89	\$	(9) 6	\$	17 21	\$	(21) 105	\$	1,020
Ending Balance: Individually Evaluated for															
Impairment	\$		\$ 1	\$	72	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	73
Ending Balance: Collectively Evaluated for															
Impairment	\$	205	\$ 74	\$	447	\$	89	\$	6	\$	21	\$	105	\$	947
<u>Loans Receivable:</u> Ending Balance	\$	42,118	\$ 10,727	\$	73,720	\$	18,075	\$	1,561	\$	349	\$	4,684	\$	151,234
Ending Balance: Individually Evaluated for															
Impairment	\$		\$ 13	\$	707	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	720
Ending Balance: Collectively Evaluated for															
Impairment	\$	42,118	\$ 10,714	\$	73,013	\$	18,075	\$	1,561	\$	349	\$	4,684	\$	150,514

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# Allowance for Credit Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans Receivable For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

(in thousands)

				R	eal Estate									
	Cor	mmercial	 Land		re-to-Four Family	Con	struction	Mul	ti-Family	Cor	1sumer_	Сог	nmercial	 Total
Allowance for Credit Losses: Beginning Balance Charge-offs Recoveries Provision Ending Balance	\$	156 — — 34 — 190	\$ 22 — — 44 —————————————————————————————	\$	601 — — — — — — — 564	\$	17 — — 38 — 55	\$	13 — — 2 — 15	\$	33 (6) 3 (13) 17	\$	169 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$ 1,011 (6) 3 25 1,033
Ending Balance: Individually Evaluated for Impairment	\$		\$ 2	\$	47_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 49
Ending Balance: Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	\$	190	\$ 64_	\$	517	\$	55	\$	15	\$	17	\$	126	\$ 984
Loans Receivable: Ending Balance	\$	25,685	\$ 5,962	\$	61,673	\$	7,707	\$	2,917	\$	485	\$	3,974	\$ 108,403
Ending Balance: Individually Evaluated for Impairment	\$		\$ 18	\$	465	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 483
Ending Balance: Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	\$	25,685	\$ 5,944	\$	61,208	<u>\$</u>	7,707	\$	2,917	\$	485	\$	3,974	\$ 107,920

## Credit quality indicators as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

Pass - A pass asset is properly approved, documented, collateralized, and performing. It does not reflect an abnormal amount of risk.

Special mention - A special mention asset has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in the deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the Bank's credit position at some future date. Special mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose the Bank to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard - An asset classified as substandard has a well-defined weakness or weaknesses. A substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current net worth or paying capacity of the obligor or pledged collateral, if any. It is characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

*Doubtful* - Assets classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard. In addition, these weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values.

Loss - Assets classified as loss are considered uncollectible or of such little value that the continuance of the loan or other asset on the books of the Bank is not warranted. Some recovery of funds could be possible in the future, but the amount and probability of this recovery are not determinable thus providing little justification for the assets to remain on the books.

The following tables represent the Bank's credit exposure by credit quality indicator as of December 31:

## **Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade**

(in thousands)

							De ce m be	r 31, 2	2022					
				R	eal Estate									 
	Cor	mmercial		On	e-to-Four									
	Re	al Estate	 Land	1	Family	Co	struction	Mul	ti-Family	Cor	nsumer	Con	nmercial	 Total
Pass	\$	42,118	\$ 10,714	\$	72,532	\$	18,075	\$	1,561	\$	349	\$	4,684	\$ 150,033
Special Mention		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_
Substandard		_	13		1,188		_		_		_		_	1,201
Doubtful		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_
Loss														
	\$	42,118	\$ 10,727	\$	73,720	\$	18,075	\$	1,561	\$	349	\$	4,684	\$ 151,234

							De ce m be	r 31, 2	2021						
				F	Real Estate										
	Cor	nmercial		On	e-to-Four										
	Re	al Estate	 Land		Family	Con	struction	Mul	lti-Family	Co	nsumer	Com	mercial		Total
Pass	\$	25,685	\$ 5,944	\$	60,979	\$	7,707	\$	2,917	\$	3,974	\$	485	\$	107,691
Special Mention		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Substandard		_	18		694		_		_		_		_		712
Doubtful		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Loss														_	
	\$	25,685	\$ 5,962	\$	61,673	\$	7,707	\$	2,917	\$	3,974	\$	485	\$	108,403

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following tables are an aging analysis of loans as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

## Aged Analysis of Past Due Loans Receivable

(in thousands)

					Decembe	r 31,	2022		
			Accı	ruing					
	30-89 Days ist Due	and	Days d Over st Due		Total ist Due		Current	 accrual tatus	Total Loans eceivable
Real Estate:	 								 
Residential	\$ 1,531	\$	_	\$	1,531	\$	71,482	\$ 707	\$ 73,720
Commercial	_		_		_		42,118		42,118
Land	13		_		13		10,701	13	10,727
Construction	_		_		_		18,075		18,075
Multi-family	_		_		_		1,561	_	1,561
Consumer	_		_		_		349		349
Commercial	 						4,684	 	4,684
	\$ 1,544	\$		\$	1,544	\$	148,970	\$ 720	\$ 151,234

					Decembe	r 31,	2021			
			Accı	uing						
	30-89 Days st Due	and	Days d Over st Due		Total ist Due	(	Current	accrual tatus	Re	Total Loans eceivable
Real Estate:	 									
Residential	\$ 1,421	\$		\$	1,421	\$	59,787	\$ 465	\$	61,673
Commercial			_		_		25,685	_		25,685
Land			_		_		5,944	18		5,962
Construction	_						7,707			7,707
Multi-family			_		_		2,917	_		2,917
Consumer							485			485
Commercial	 						3,974	 		3,974
	\$ 1,421	\$		\$	1,421	\$	106,499	\$ 483	\$	108,403

## HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

The following tables below present impaired loans disaggregated by class as of and for the years ended December 31:

## **Impaired Loans**

(in thousands)

		As C	f And For	The Year	Ended De	cember 3	31, 2022		
	corded stment	Pri	ıpaid ncipal lance	for Lo	wance Loan esses ocated	Red	erage corded stment	In	terest come ognized
Loans with an allowance recorded:									
Real estate									
1-4 family residential	\$ 707	\$	707	\$	72	\$	369	\$	_
Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Land	13		13		1		13		_
Multi-Family	_		_		_		_		_
Construction	_		_		_		_		_
Consumer and Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Loans with no allowance recorded:									
Real estate									
1-4 family residential	_		_		_		_		_
Land	_		_		_		_		_
Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Multi-Family	_		_		_		_		_
Construction	_		_		_		_		_
Consumer and Commercial	 								
Totals	\$ 720	\$	720	\$	73	\$	382	\$	

(CONTINUED)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## **Impaired Loans**

(in thousands)

		As C	of And For	The Year	Ended De	cember 3	31, 2021		
	corded estment	Pri	npaid ncipal alance	for Lo	wance Loan sses cated	Re	erage corded estment	In	terest come cognized
Loans with an allowance recorded:									
Real estate									
1-4 family residential	\$ 465	\$	465	\$	47	\$	483	\$	_
Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Land	18		18		2		18		_
Multi-Family	_		_		_		_		_
Construction	_		_		_		_		_
Consumer and Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Loans with no allowance recorded:									
Real estate									
1-4 family residential	_		_		_		_		_
Land	_		_		_		_		_
Commercial	_		_		_		_		_
Multi-Family	_		_		_		_		_
Construction	_		_		_		_		_
Consumer and Commercial	 					-			
Totals	\$ 483	\$	483	\$	49	\$	501	\$	

The tables below present modifications disaggregated by class for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

## **Troubled Debt Restructuring**

(in thousands)

Modifications as of December 31, 2022:	Number of Loans	Modif Outst Rec	re- ication tanding orded stment	Modif Outs Rec	ost- ication tanding orded stment
Residential - modified amortization		\$		\$	
Modifications as of December 31, 2021:					
Residential - modified amortization	1	\$	142	\$	142

The Bank's troubled debt restructurings are generally due to a modification of terms allowing the customer to make interest-only payments for an amount of time, an extension of the loan term, and/or a reduction in interest rate to obtain a lower payment for the customer. The Bank is not committed to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been modified.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Note E - Accrued Interest Receivable -

Accrued interest receivable at December 31, (included in other assets), is summarized as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	 022	2	2021
Securities Available for Sale	\$ 89	\$	74
Securities Held to Maturity	19		4
Interest Bearing Deposits	7		6
Loans Receivable	460		362
	\$ 575	\$	446

## Note F - Servicing -

In 2022 and 2021, the Bank recognized a gain of \$87,000 and \$649,000, respectively, on loans sold to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the U.S. Department of Agriculture under their seller/servicer programs; gross proceeds were \$5.9 million and \$34.3 million, respectively.

Mortgage loans serviced for others are not included in the accompanying balance sheets. The risks inherent in mortgage servicing assets relate primarily to changes in prepayments that result from shifts in mortgage interest rates. The unpaid principal balances of mortgage loans serviced for others were \$102.1 million and \$103.8 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In connection with the foregoing mortgage loans serviced, custodial escrow balances (net) in the amount of \$834,000 and \$1.4 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were maintained in non-interest bearing accounts.

Servicing assets are included in other assets on the balance sheet.

The following table represents the change in mortgage servicing rights as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(Dollars in thousands)	 2022	 2021
Beginning Balance	\$ 830	\$ 680
Additions	76	288
Amortization	(70)	(126)
Impairment	 (5)	 (12)
Ending Balance	\$ 831	\$ 830

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## Note G - Premises and Equipment -

Major classes of premises and equipment at December 31 are summarized as follows:

	Estimated				
(Dollars in thousands)	Life		2022		2021
Land		\$	1,570	\$	1,570
Buildings	25 - 39 Years		8,180		8,180
Furniture and Fixtures	3 - 10 Years		1,014		1,006
		_	10,764	_	10,756
Less Accumulated Depreciation			3,857		3,565
		\$	6,907	\$	7,191

The provision for depreciation charged to operating expenses was \$291,000 and \$287,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## Note H - Leases -

The Bank leases a portion of its Covington and Slidell buildings to third parties under operating leases. These leases contain renewal options. Rental income under these leases amounted to \$122,000 and \$114,000 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the remaining future minimum receipts under these leases are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	
2023	\$ 62
2024	34
2025	 21
	\$ 117

## Note I - Deposits -

Deposit account balances at December 31, 2022 and 2021, are summarized as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	2022		2021	
Non-Interest Bearing Deposits	\$	16,794	\$	14,527
Interest Bearing Demand Deposits		20,067		24,075
Savings Deposits		33,604		33,796
Certificates of Deposit		59,213		41,307
Individual Retirement Accounts		6,441		5,455
	\$	136,119	\$	119,160

The aggregate amount of certificates of deposit with a denomination of greater than \$250,000 was approximately \$15.6 million and \$5.0 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

At December 31, 2022, the scheduled maturities of all certificates of deposit were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)		
3 months or less	\$	7,178
3 months through 12 months	4	15,754
1 year through 3 years		9,700
Over 3 years		3,022
	\$ 6	65,654

The interest expense associated with each major classification of interest-bearing deposits was as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	 022	2	2021
Interest Bearing DDAs	\$ 95	\$	32
Savings Accounts	104		86
Certificates of Deposit	 591		572
	\$ 790	\$	690

#### Note J - Borrowed Funds -

Borrowed funds at December 31, 2022 and 2021 in the amounts of \$21.6 million and \$10.5 million, consisted of advances from the FHLB. These advances were at fixed interest rates at December 31, 2022, ranging from 0.378% to 4.680%. At December 31, 2022, the scheduled maturities of the advances were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	
2023	\$ 18,612
2024	2,000
2025	1,000
2026	
	\$ 21,612

These advances are collateralized by a blanket lien on a majority (75%) of the Bank's residential mortgage loans, a small portion of the Bank's securities, and FHLB stock held by the Bank.

At December 31, 2022, the Bank had the capacity to borrow an additional \$28.2 million from the FHLB.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

#### Note K - Income Taxes -

The provision for income tax for the years ended December 31 is summarized as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	2	2022	 2021
Current Tax Provision Deferred Tax Expense (Benefit)	\$	172 (32)	\$ 261 (5)
Provision	_\$	140	\$ 256

The provision for federal income taxes differs from that computed by applying federal statutory rates to income before federal income tax expense, as indicated in the following analysis:

	 2022	2021
Federal Stautory Income Tax	\$ 161	\$ 266
Tax Exempt Income	(21)	(19)
Other - Net	 	9
	\$ 140	\$ 256

Deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31 consist of the following components utilizing federal corporate income tax rates of 21%:

(Dollars in thousands)	2022	2021
Deferred Tax Assets:		
Allowance for Loan Losses	\$ 214	4 \$ 217
Deferred Loan Fees and Costs, net	13	8 20
Deferred Compensation	28	4 262
Net Unrealized Losses on Securities	54:	51
	1,059	9 550
Deferred Tax Liabilities:		
Tax over Book Depreciation	180	0 197
Dividends on FHLB Stock	42	2 40
Mortgage Servicing Rights	17-	4 174
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities		
	390	6 411
Valuation Allowance		
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ 66.	\$ 139
		_

The net deferred tax asset is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the balance sheet.

The Bank's tax filings for the years ended December 31, 2019 through the current date are open to audit under statutes of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service. Management believes that its tax positions would be sustained if audited. Any penalties or interest incurred in 2022 or 2021 related to the Bank's tax positions would be classified in the statement of income as other expense.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

## Note L – Employee Benefit Plans -

The Bank has established a 401(k) retirement savings plan that covers substantially all employees. Participants may contribute a portion of their compensation, up to the federal limitations, with the Bank matching the participant's contribution up to 4% of their compensation. Employer contributions expensed were \$74,000 and \$74,000 to the plan in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Bank has established a deferred compensation agreement with certain current and past directors and officers. The expense incurred for these agreements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to approximately \$65,000 and \$71,000, respectively. The accrued liability for these agreements at December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to approximately \$927,000 and \$866,000, respectively.

To finance the benefits under this plan, the Bank has entered into an arrangement to provide for the cost of split-dollar life insurance policies on the lives of certain of the Bank's current and former members of the Board of Directors.

As part of the Company's stock conversion, an employee stock ownership plan ("ESOP") for eligible employees was established. The leveraged ESOP is accounted for in accordance with the requirements of ASC 718, *Compensation – Stock Compensation*. All employees of the Bank meeting certain tenure requirements are entitled to participate in the ESOP.

Shares were purchased by the ESOP with a loan from Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. The ESOP acquired 132,250 shares of the Company's common stock in the conversion. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, 5,290 shares were allocated to ESOP plan participants each year, leaving 100,510 and 105,800 unallocated shares in the ESOP at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. Compensation expense related to the ESOP was \$88,000 for the year ended December 31, 2022 and \$76,000 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The stock price at the formation date was \$10.00. The aggregate fair value of the 100,510 unallocated shares was \$1,669,471 based on the \$16.61 closing price of the common stock on December 31, 2022.

Under ASC 718, unearned ESOP shares are not considered outstanding and are shown as a reduction of shareholders' equity as unearned compensation. Dividends on unallocated ESOP shares are considered to be compensation expense. The Company recognizes compensation cost equal to the fair value of the ESOP shares during the periods in which they are committed to be released. To the extent that the fair value of the Company's ESOP shares differs from the cost of such shares, the differential is credited to shareholders' equity. The Company receives a tax deduction equal to the cost of the shares released. As the loan is internally leveraged, the loan receivable from the ESOP to the Company is not reported as an asset nor is the debt of the ESOP shown as a Company liability.

The compensation expense resulting from the release of the common stock from the suspense account and allocation to plan participants results in a corresponding reduction in the earnings of Heritage NOLA Bancorp.

In August 2018, the Company's stockholders approved the 2018 Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. Equity Incentive Plan (the "2018 Plan" or the "Plan"). No more than 231,437 shares of the Company's common stock may be issued under the Plan, of which a maximum of 165,312 may be issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options and 66,125 may be issued pursuant to restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and unrestricted share awards. Stock options awarded to employees may be incentive stock options or non-qualified stock options. The shares that may be issued may be authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares. The Plan permits the grant of incentive awards in the form of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted share and share unit awards, and performance share awards. The 2018 Plan contains limits on certain types of awards to individual participants.

Awards may vest or become exercisable only upon the achievement of performance measures or based solely on the passage of time after award. Stock options and restricted stock awards provide for accelerated vesting upon death, disability or if there is an involuntary termination of service following a change in control (as defined in the Plan).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

On August 16, 2018, the Company made grants of restricted shares and stock options for 16,530 and 41,325 shares, respectively, to non-employee members of the Board of Directors. The awards vest over a five-year period and the stock options have a ten-year period to expiration. Each option has an exercise price of \$12.48, as determined on the grant date.

On September 18, 2018, the Company made grants of restricted shares and stock options for 49,581 and 104,500 shares, respectively, to certain members of management and staff. The awards vest over either a five- or seven-year period and the stock options have a ten-year period to expiration. Each option has an exercise price of \$12.45, as determined on the grant date.

## **Stock Options**

The table below represents the stock option activity for the period shown:

		2022		2021				
	Options	A	eighted verage cise Price	Options	A	eighted verage cise Price		
Options outstanding at January 1	144,825	\$	12.46	145,825	\$	12.46		
Granted	_		_	_		_		
Exercised	_		_	_		_		
Forfeited	_		_	(1,000)		_		
Expired								
Options outstanding at December 31	144,825	\$	12.46	144,825	\$	12.46		

As of December 31, the Company had \$103,000 and \$206,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively, having recognized \$102,000 compensation expense in 2022. The cost of stock options will be amortized in monthly installments over the five-year and seven-year vesting periods. The aggregate grant date fair value of the stock options granted in 2018 was \$544,000. The options outstanding at December 31, 2022, were granted on August 16, 2018 and September 18, 2018. There are 109,575 options exercisable at December 31, 2022 and there were 82,181 options exercisable at December 31, 2021.

The fair value of the Company's stock options granted in 2018 were \$3.69 and \$3.75 for the options granted on August 16, 2018 and September 18, 2018, respectively, and they were determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing formula. The following assumptions were used in the formula:

# HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Stock Gi Augus	Stock Options Granted September 18, 2018			
Expected volatility		12.44	%	11.	94 %
Risk-free interest rate		2.87	%	3.	05 %
Expected dividend yield		_	%	-	%
Expected life (in years)		10			10
Exercise price for the stock options	\$	12.48		\$ 12.	45

Expected volatility - Based on the historical volatility of share price for the Company.

Risk-free interest rate - Based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve and expected life of the options at the time of grant.

Dividend yield – Heritage NOLA Bancorp, Inc. does not anticipate a quarterly dividend per share.

Expected life - Based on the average of the vesting period and the ten year contractual term of the stock option plan.

Exercise price for the stock options - Based on the closing price of the Company's stock on the date of grant.

#### **Restricted Shares**

Restricted shares are accounted for as fixed grants using the fair value of the Company's stock at the time of the grant. Unvested restricted shares may not be disposed of or transferred during the vesting period.

The table below presents the restricted stock award activity for the period shown:

		2022		2021				
	Restricted Stock Awards			Restricted Stock Awards		eighted Average Fair Value at Grant Date		
Non-vested at January 1	28,857	\$	12.46	41,275	\$	12.46		
Granted Vested Forfeited	(12,418)		12.46 —	(12,418)		12.46		
Non-vested at December 31	16,439	\$	12.46	28,857	\$	12.46		

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had \$157,000 and \$311,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted shares respectively, having recognized \$155,000 of compensation expense each year. The cost of the restricted shares will be amortized in monthly installments over the five and seven-year vesting periods.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

### Note M - Related Party Transaction -

Certain officers and directors were deposit and loan customers of the Bank in the ordinary course of business. Deposits and loans of these officers and directors at December 31 were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	 2022	2021		
Deposits	\$ 1,763	\$	1,960	
Loans:				
Beginning Loan Balance	\$ 301	\$	304	
New Loans	166		_	
Principal Advances	135		73	
Repayments	 (245)		(76)	
Ending Loan Balance	\$ 357	\$	301	

## Note N - Legal Contingencies -

Various legal claims arise from time to time in the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management, will have no material effect on the Bank's financial statements.

## Note O - Regulatory Matters -

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by its primary federal regulator, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC). Failure to meet minimum regulatory capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory, and possible additional discretionary actions by regulators that if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Bank's financial statements. Under the capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines involving quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Bank's capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Bank was classified as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, and management believes that the Bank meets all capital requirements to which it is subject.

Prior to 2022, quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios including total capital, tier 1 capital and common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets (as defined in the regulations), and leverage capital, which is tier 1 capital to adjusted average total assets (as defined).

In 2021, the Bank elected to opt-in to the Community Bank Leverage Ratio (CBLR) framework, which exempts banks with less than \$10 billion in assets, and that meet certain other requirements, from existing risk-based capital ratio and leverage ratio requirements provided they exceed a CBLR of 9%. In April 2021, as mandated under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act, the federal banking agencies adopted an interim final rule that temporarily reduced the minimum CBLR requirement to 8%. A transition interim final rule was also adopted by the federal banking agencies that provides a graduated transition from the temporary 8% CBLR to the 9% CBLR. Specifically, the transition interim final rule provides that the CBLR will be 8% in the second through fourth quarters of 2021, 8.5% in 2022, and 9% thereafter. The Bank's actual CBLR and amount at December 31, 2022, and 2021 was as follows:

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Amount	Ratio		
As of December 31, 2022	(Dollars in thousands)			
CBLR and/or Tier 1 Capital (to Average Total Assets)	\$ 21,754	12.2%		
As of December 31, 2021	Amount (Dollars in t	Ratio housands)		
CBLR and/or Tier 1 Capital (to Average Total Assets)	\$ 21,681	14.1%		

The Bank is subject to certain restrictions on the amount of dividends that it may pay without prior regulatory approval. In addition, dividends paid by the Bank would be prohibited if the effect thereof would cause the Bank's capital to be reduced below applicable minimum capital requirements.

## Note P - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) -

The following is a summary of the changes in the balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

(Dollars in thousands)	2022	2021		
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Securities Available for Sale:	 			
Beginning Balance	\$ (191)	\$	54	
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Net of Tax	 (1,853)		(245)	
Ending Balance	\$ (2,044)	\$	(191)	

## Note O - Fair Value of Financial Statements -

### Fair Value Disclosures

The Bank groups its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in three levels. Fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to develop those assumptions and measure fair value. The hierarchy requires companies to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Includes the most reliable sources, and includes quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
  or liabilities.
- Level 2 Includes observable inputs. Observable inputs include inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates) as well as inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market-corroborated inputs).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Level 3 - Includes unobservable inputs and should be used only when observable inputs are unavailable.

## Recurring Basis

Fair values of investment securities available for sale were primarily measured using information from a third-party pricing service. This pricing service provides information by utilizing evaluated pricing models supported with market data information. Standard inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data from market research publications.

The following tables present the balance of assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Bank did not record any liabilities at fair value for which measurement of the fair value was made on a recurring basis.

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
(In thousands) Description		Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservabl Inputs (Level 3)		
December 31, 2022								
U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools	\$	725	\$	\$	725	\$		
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		6,573			6,573			
U.S. Government Agency		3,590			3,590			
Municipal Bonds		5,032			5,032			
Total Investment Securities	\$	15,920	<u>\$</u>	\$	15,920	\$		
December 31, 2021								
U.S. Government Agency - SBA pools	\$	1,259	\$	\$	1,259	\$	_	
U.S. Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		6,176			6,176		_	
U.S. Government Agency		4,304			4,304			
Municipal Bonds		5,942			5,942			
Total Investment Securities	\$	17,681	\$ —	\$	17,681	\$		

# Nonrecurring Basis

The Company has segregated all financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine the fair value at the measurement date in the table below. The Company did not record any liabilities at fair value for which measurement of the fair value was made on a non-recurring basis.

The fair value of the impaired loans is measured at the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans. Impaired loans are Level 2 assets measured using appraisals from external parties of the collateral less any prior liens. Repossessed assets are initially recorded at fair value less estimated costs to sell. The fair value of repossessed assets

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

is based on property appraisals and an analysis of similar properties available. As such, the Bank records repossessed assets as Level 2.

			Fair Value Measurement Using							
(In thousands)	Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservabl Inputs (Level 3)			
December 31, 2022										
Assets										
Impaired Loans	\$	647	\$	_	\$	647	\$	_		
Repossessed Assets										
Total	\$	647	\$		\$	647	\$			
<u>December 31, 2021</u>										
Assets										
Impaired Loans	\$	434	\$	_	\$	434	\$	_		
Repossessed Assets										
Total	\$	434	\$		\$	434	\$			

<u>Fair values of financial instruments</u> - In cases where quoted market prices of financial instruments are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. The fair values of certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are not required to be disclosed. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating fair values of financial instruments:

Cash, due from banks, federal funds sold and interest-earning deposits with banks - The carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Securities - Fair value is based on quoted market price, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Loans Receivable - Fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

Cash Value of Life Insurance - The carrying amount approximates its fair value.

Deposits - The fair value of demand, savings, NOW and money market accounts is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair value of fixed-maturity time deposits is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

Borrowings - The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, borrowings under repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings maturing within ninety days approximate their fair values. Fair values of other borrowings are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

# HERITAGE NOLA BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit - The fair values of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit do not differ significantly from the commitment amount and are therefore omitted from this disclosure.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments at December 31 are as follows:

					Fair Value Measurement Using						
(In thousands)		Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
December 31, 2022											
Financial Assets:											
Cash, Short-Term Investments and											
Federal Funds Sold	\$	7,026	\$	7,026	\$	7,026	\$		\$	_	
Securities-Available for Sale		15,920		15,920		_		15,920		_	
Securities-Held to Maturity		8,588		7,680		_		7,680		_	
Other Equity Securities		857		857		_		_		857	
Cash Value of Life Insurance		2,312		2,312		_		2,312		_	
Loans Held for Sale		_		_		_				_	
Loans Held -Net		135,510		132,883		_				132,883	
	\$	170,213	\$	166,678	\$	7,026	\$	25,912	\$	133,740	
Financial Liabilities:											
Deposits	\$	136,119	\$	134,930	\$	_	\$	_	\$	134,930	
Borrowed Funds		21,612		21,484		_		21,484		_	
	\$	157,731	\$	156,414	\$		\$	21,484	\$	134,930	

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

					Fair Value Measurement Using						
(In thousands)		Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		gnificant observable Inputs Level 3)	
December 31, 2021											
Financial Assets:											
Cash, Short-Term Investments and											
Federal Funds Sold	\$	18,279	\$	18,279	\$	18,279	\$		\$	_	
Securities-Available for Sale		17,681		17,681				17,681		_	
Securities-Held to Maturity		2,722		2,692				2,692		_	
Other Equity Securities		846		846				_		846	
Cash Value of Life Insurance		2,259		2,259				2,259		_	
Loans Held for Sale		199		199				199		_	
Loans-Net		102,582		108,667						108,667	
	\$	144,568	\$	150,623	\$	18,279	\$	22,831	\$	109,513	
Financial Liabilities:											
Deposits	\$	119,160	\$	119,850	\$		\$	_	\$	119,850	
Borrowed Funds		10,468		10,514				10,514			
	\$	129,628	\$	130,364	\$		\$	10,514	\$	119,850	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# Note R - Condensed Financial Information (Parent Company Only)-

Presented below is condensed financial information as to the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Parent Company:

# CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

	 As of December 31,						
(in thousands)	 2022		2021				
Assets:							
Cash	\$ 813	\$	802				
Due from Subsidiary Bank	37		_				
Investments in Bank Subsidiary	 19,709		21,490				
Total Assets	\$ 20,559	\$	22,292				
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity:							
Liabilities	\$ 71	\$	33				
Total Shareholders Equity	 20,488		22,259				
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 20,559	\$	22,292				

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Ye	Years Ended December 31,					
		2022	2021				
Income:							
Equity in Net Income of Bank Subsidiary	\$	816	\$	1,151			
Total Income	\$	816	\$	1,151			
Expense:							
Professional Fees	\$	159	\$	94			
Other Noninterest Expense		81		86			
Total Expense	\$	240	\$	180			
Income Before Income Tax Expense (Income)	\$	576	\$	971			
Provision for Income Tax		(50)		(38)			
Net Income	\$	626	\$	1,009			

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2022		2021	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net Income	\$	626	\$	1,009
Increase (Decrease) in Due from Bank Subsidiary		(37)		126
Increase in Equity in Net Income of Bank Subsidiary		271		(1,076)
Increase (Decrease) in other Liabilities		38		(13)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities		898		46
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Net Cash provided by (used in) Investing Activities				
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Shares Repurchased		(887)		(1,135)
Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing Activities		(887)		(1,135)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		11		(1,089)
Cash at Beginning of Period		802		1,891
Cash at End of Period	\$	813	\$	802

## STOCKHOLDER INFORMATION

### **Annual Meeting**

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 9:00 a.m., Central time, on Tuesday, May 16, 2023 at the main office of Heritage Bank of St. Tammany, located at 205 North Columbia Street, Covington, Louisiana 70433.

## **Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Hannis T. Bourgeois, LLP Baton Rouge Office 2322 Tremont Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809

## **Stock Listing**

The Company's Common Stock is quoted on the OTC Pink Marketplace under the symbol "HRGG".

## **Transfer Agent**

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC 6201 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue Brooklyn, New York 11219

# **Special Counsel**

Luse Gorman, PC 5335 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Suite 780 Washington, D.C. 20015 If you have any questions concerning your stockholder account, please call our transfer agent, noted above, at (718) 921-8300. This is the number to call if you require a change of address, records or information about lost certificates.

## **DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

Directors		<b>Executive Officers</b>		
W. David Crumhorn Chairman of the Board President and CEO Heritage Bank of St. Tammany	W. Thomas Ballantine, Jr.  Director  Retired	W. David Crumhorn Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer		
Jason S. Hunt CEO and Co-Founder, of Swyft Fiber	Elizabeth M. Eustis Director Commercial Real Estate Agent	Dana Whitaker Executive Vice President and Chief Credit Officer		
Salvatore A. Caruso, Jr. <i>Director CEO</i> , <i>Tre Amici, Corp. &amp; Gulf States Portable Storage, LLC Director of Advancement, Pope John Paul II High School</i>	Julian J. Rodrigue, Jr.  Director  Attorney	Lisa Hughes Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer		



205 North Columbia Street Covington, LA 70433

www.heritagebank.org